

SAVINGS BANK

Will Not Pay Over 50 Cents on the Dollar

Liabilities of Bank \$262,000 and the Assets are About \$95,000.

Interview With Receiver Taafel Shows a Startling State of Affairs--Report of the Receiver Not Yet Ready for the Court--The Homestead Shortage.

Since the report of Receiver George P. Webb, regarding the condition of the Homestead Building Association company of this city, hundreds of Newark people who have their all deposited with the Newark Savings Bank have been anxious to learn the condition of the bank. Monday morning an Advocate reporter called at the bank and had the following interview with Mr. W. G. Taafel, the receiver of the bank:

"Mr. Taafel, as far as you have gone in your investigations, can you not give some idea of the results of your work as to the condition of the Newark Savings Bank?"

"While I cannot give definite figures, I can, perhaps, give you an idea of what we have found as far as we have investigated, and while I do not care to give any lengthy interview for fear of getting matters confused, I will give you results as far as we have investigated."

We find the liabilities of the Newark Savings Bank, including \$37,500 of stock paid in, will amount to \$262,000. "From a fair and conservative estimate what do you think the assets of the bank will be after the appraisal has been made?"

"I think a conservative estimate of the actual receipts and assets of all loans, cash on hand, the small amount due other banks, furniture and fixtures, real estate, etc., will probably be not to exceed \$95,000. There will be a loss of bad loans, overdrafts and moneys as yet unaccounted for of \$167,000. These losses or shortage, whatever they may be, can only be accounted for by a thorough investigation of each year's business since the organization of the bank. Deducting the actual loss of the stock from \$167,000 will still leave \$129,500 to be made up by the stockholders and the bondsmen. From these figures it can readily be seen that each stockholder will have to be assessed his full liability."

"What amount of this full liability do you think can be collected from the stockholders?"

"That is a matter that will be difficult to determine, as some of the stockholders will not be able to pay any more than the actual stock they have lost. I do not think, when a final settlement is made, that the Newark Savings Bank can pay to exceed 50 cents on the dollar."

"Mr. Taafel, is it a fact that there were \$23,000 of the Building Association's cash in the Savings Bank when it closed its doors?"

"I think the books show about that amount to the credit of the Building Association. But eleven hundred and fifty-six dollars in silver and mutilated currency was all the money that was found in the vault when the bank closed its doors."

"When do you expect to make your report to the court?"

"I hope to be able to make my report by the first of August. Every possible effort is being made to hurry the work as I am just as anxious to give the people the actual facts as they are to receive them. The figures I have given you may vary when the final report is made."

Since the publication of the report of Receiver Webb of the Homestead Building Association showing a deficiency in the association's accounts of more than \$262,000, all sorts of stories have been circulated about town and all kinds of opinions have been expressed as to the final effect of this de-

ciency on the depositors in the association.

In the opinion of some who are in position to know more about the actual state of affairs than outsiders, the net loss to depositors will be about 15 per cent, but others do not share this hopeful feeling. One man who had \$290 on deposit sold his claim for \$120 Saturday.

"The fact is there are so many matters that enter into the final adjustment of his tangle that it is at the present time impossible to say what the outcome will be."

The building association had nearly \$23,000 on deposit in the Newark Savings Bank which closed its doors in May. If the bank should pay dollar for dollar, which in the opinion of many it will not do by any means, the building association will profit to that extent. If the \$50,000 mortgage given to the building association by Mr. and Mrs. James F. Lingafelter should net the association that sum of money it will be benefitted still further, but it is alleged that the property will not bring \$50,000 or anything like that sum. A list of the property included in this mortgage was printed in this paper last week. It is said that on some of the property enumerated Mr. Lingafelter had only a tax title interest.

Aside from the Lingafelter mortgage and the percentage the building association expects to recover from the Savings Bank, there are the official bonds which may net something to the depositors. It will be several months, it is said, before the investigation is completed.

Rumors of various irregularities in the books are heard and all kinds of speculation is indulged in, but so far as the facts are concerned nothing is officially announced.

MR. DAUGHERTY

Thinks Bank Will Not Pay Over 25
Cents on Dollar--Where Has
Money Gone?

Attorney G. C. Daugherty, who with Attorneys Flory & Flory, represents the creditors, had the following to say regarding the condition of the Savings Bank Monday afternoon:

"The more information I get as to the situation in the Newark Savings Bank, the clearer it becomes to me that that situation is exceedingly bad for the creditors. My first understanding was that \$80,000 or \$100,000 would cover the entire shortage, but on the information that I got it develops that the situation is considerably worse than I thought it to be. Outside of the liabilities of the stockholders and directors and whatever, if any liability there may be on Mr. Lingafelter's bond, the bank as it now looks to me, will not pay to exceed 25 cents on the dollar. Whatever can be collected from the directors and stockholders will only be at the end of contested law suits."

"The bond of Mr. Lingafelter, in my opinion, will only cover actual stealings by the principal of the bond. What the examination of the receiver and his bookkeeper has developed in this respect, has not been made public. It seems to me that if any money had been stolen that the information ought not to be withheld, and that there should be no delay in starting prosecution. Justice to the creditors and due prosecution of the interests of everybody who deals with banks, demand this. If there had been stealing the receiver and his bookkeeper should

have known it long ago. Mr. Flory and myself expect to institute suits against the stockholders and directors just as soon as he time comes when such suits can be started. It is an extraordinary fact that although the bank was receiving money up to 3 o'clock on the day before it closed that it had absolutely no money when it did close. Every creditor wants to know what became of the money that the directors received into the bank when they knew it was insolvent."

SUIT FILED

Monday Afternoon to Foreclose the
\$50,000 Lingafelter Mortgage.

A petition was filed in Common Pleas Court Monday afternoon by George P. Webb, receiver of the Homestead Building & Savings Company vs. James F. Lingafelter and wife, to foreclose a mortgage. The petition recites that Lingafelter was secretary and had full management.

That at and before May 11, 1903, it was suspected and charged that there was a deficiency in the assets of the company in the charge of Lingafelter and for which he was and is liable; that thereupon Lingafelter to provide for such deficit and which he called a shortage, made a mortgage and delivered the same to the company describing certain real estates and six shares of the Newark Gearwood Co. and 180 shares of bank stock of the Newark Savings Bank.

Plaintiff avers that there exists a shortage in the accounts of Lingafelter exceeding the sum mentioned in the mortgage, \$50,000. Plaintiff prays the court to fix the amount of deficit and shortage, and that it order that unless the same be paid that the stock and real estate mentioned in the petition be sold as upon execution.

Plaintiff says that the parcels of real estate and stock are wholly insufficient to pay the amount of money secured by said mortgage or the amount of said shortage, and that the taxes amounting to a large sum, have not been paid, due June 20, and the real estate is in danger of being injured, and the said Lingafelter is collecting the rents off of the real estate as is under lease or contract. Plaintiff asks that a receiver be appointed to take possession of the real estate. Attorneys Kibler & Kibler.

MANY CAMP MEETINGS.

Lancaster, O., July 18.—Camp meetings galore will soon be in progress in Fairfield county. The big Lancaster camp meeting and assembly will begin Wednesday, July 27, and close Sunday, August 14. The Stoutsville camp meeting opens Thursday, July 28, and closes Sunday, August 17. The Baltimore camp meeting begins Thursday, July 21, and ends Sunday, July 31. The Pickerington camp meeting opens Saturday, July 16, and closes Sunday, July 24.

STILL HUNT

Plan of Republicans to Save New York
From Going Democratic This
Fall.

New York, June 18.—It has just been announced that Chairman Cortell will spend most of his time at the headquarters here and that his efforts will be centered on New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut. He will go to Chicago in a little over a week to throw open the headquarters there. Governor Odell plans a still hunt in this State. He has discarded the talking style of campaign, and declined to say anything Saturday. He thinks Judge Parker is the strongest candidate the Democrats could have named, and that the Republicans will have to make the fight of their lives to win.

MRS. MAYBRICK FREE THIS WEEK

Exact Date of Release is
Not Announced.

Mrs. Maybrick Will at Once Join Her
Mother and Sail for America—
Mind Now Normal.

London, July 18.—An official of the home office today informed your correspondent that Mrs. Florence Maybrick, the American woman, who has been imprisoned in England for the murder of her husband, will probably be released this week, perhaps on



MRS. FLORENCE MAYBRICK.
Thursday, the fifteenth anniversary of the commencement of her trial.
The exact day of Mrs. Maybrick's release, however, depends upon the likelihood of avoiding publicity in the matter.

When she is released Mrs. Maybrick will immediately join her mother, the Baroness Deroques, and will sail with her for America. The government hopes to conceal the fact of the release until they arrive in New York. After her arrival in New York, Mrs. Maybrick will proceed direct to Louisiana to appear in the land suit which Judge Yarrow, of Washington, is conducting for the imprisoned woman.

Mrs. Maybrick's recent term of semi-custody was granted for the purpose of permitting her to regain her mental tone, which the long incarceration had impaired. There were times when she appeared feeble minded, but now her mind is normal and she is in condition to proceed with her suit.

THE RUSSIANS ARE REPULSED

The Japs Were Attacked
at Motien Ling.

In Absence of News the Report of
Breach of Neutrality is Taken
Up Today.

Tokio, July 18.—General Kuroki reports that two divisions of Russians made a desperate assault on the Japanese position at Motien Ling yesterday. They were repulsed. The casualties are not given.

St. Petersburg, July 18.—It is today reported that the Japanese right flank is marching south and so quickly that part of General Kuroki's men are unable to take their food stores with them.

London, July 18.—In the absence of official news from the seat of war official and diplomatic circles have today taken up the report of the Turkish breach of neutrality in permitting Russian armed forces to pass through the Dardanelles. The passage of the Smolensk and Petersburg, as was announced, considerable criticism, and this has now been changed to open condemnation of Turkey's course by the report that the Russian guardship Sheernomortz, was also permitted to pass yesterday. England is bound by

terms of a treaty with the Japanese to prevent such assistance being given to Russia, and several papers this morning assert that a stringent measure will be taken to punish the offending Turk and prevent the recurrence. This feeling is echoed in Berlin, as the result of the searching of a German vessel by the same cruisers in the Red Sea on Saturday, and the taking therefrom of mail destined for Japan. It is not likely that Germany will lightly pass over this.

Little or no news comes from Port Arthur. The only statement was sent by the Tokio correspondent of the London Chronicle which is to the effect that as the Russian garrison at Port Arthur has been left to work out their own salvation, the fall of Port Arthur is expected by the middle of August.

Aden, Arabia, July 18.—The British steamer Persia, bound from Calcutta for London, was forcibly detained today in the Red Sea by the Russian steamer Smolensk. Smolensk confiscated two bags of the Persia's mail.

BAGGAGE CAR

Left the Rails and Wrecked the Train,
Many Persons Suffering Se-
vere Injuries.

Dallas, Texas, July 18.—Nearly a dozen people were injured, one dangerously, in the derailment of a north-bound passenger train on the Paris-Cleburne branch of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe railroad, nine miles south of here.

Thomas Gray, baggage man, of Cleburne, was pinned under the heavy safe and trunk in the baggage car, and suffered serious injuries. Among others hurt were:

Mrs. Birdie Fair, Dallas, Texas, right leg cut.

Mrs. Lizzie Crockett, Rock Island, Texas, thrown over the top of a chair, injuring her right arm.

Mrs. N. R. Curry, Caldwell, Texas, side hurt.

Many others were thrown about the cars.

Just as the train was making a sharp curve at a high rate of speed, the baggage car left the rails, the remainder of the train following, with exception of the last sleeper. The engine and tender ran along on the ties for nearly a quarter of a mile.

WILL TRY AGAIN.

Millersburg, O., July 18.—Mrs. Ermina Fritz attempted suicide by cutting her arm with a table knife. She will recover but says she will yet accomplish it.

ZANESVILLE

Will Raise Flowers Especially for Deco-
ration Day Use--Happy Plan to
Solve Problem.

Zanesville, O., July 18.—A number of citizens of this city have inaugurated a movement which is calculated to relieve the Decoration Day distress that usually prevails because of a scarcity of flowers.

A committee composed of S. R. Moore, Captain A. P. Sultz and Richard Gaigher was appointed at a meeting of citizens in conjunction with Hallett post, G. A. R., for the purpose of conferring with the members of the board of public service and to secure permission to plant early blooming flowers in portions of the city cemeteries which are not at present in use.

The county Horticultural society and the Daughters of the Revolution will also appoint committees to assist in the work. The Zanesville Improvement association members will take similar action.

CARBOLIC ACID

Taken With Fatal Result By a Young
Girl at Lancaster Sunday
Evening.

Lancaster, O., July 18.—Eutha Magdeline Hummel, the 17-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hummel of this city, committed suicide Sunday night by taking carbolic acid. She left home shortly after the evening meal and went to a drug store, where she procured the poison. From there she went to the Catholic cemetery a few hours later. It is believed that a love affair led up to the deed.

UNFAVORABLE

Are Conditions Today in the Packers' Big Strike

It Looks Now Like a Long and Bitter Struggle.

Second Clash Occurred at St. Paul--More Men to Quit Tuesday--Non Union Men Engaged at Chicago--The Situation in the Several Cities.

St. Paul, July 18.—(Bulletin)—About noon today Sheriff Griscom notified Governor Van Sant that the strike situation is beyond his control. The governor and adjutant general are now in consultation.

Chicago, July 18.—There will be no further conference with the packers, according to President Donnelly, unless they are asked for by representatives of the beef trust. Donnelly says that there have been no defections from the union ranks.

St. Louis, July 18.—Judge Holder at Belleville has issued a sweeping injunction directed against the striking butchers in the packing houses at East St. Louis. It restrains them from in any way interfering with the operations of the plants, or with nonunion men hired to take the places of the employees who walked out. Every member of the union connected with the packing house trades is brought within the scope of the injunction.

Chicago, July 18.—The second week of the great packing house strike opened this morning with all conditions unfavorable to a peaceful settlement of the differences between employer and employee and with an added grimness of determination openly expressed by both sides.

Failing in the conference between the packers and President Donnelly Saturday afternoon to reach a basis of settlement, the situation resolves itself today apparently into a long continued and bitter struggle.

The butchers' union conceded all the points proposed to reach an arbitration plan, with the exception of one, namely, the re-employment pending negotiations of all strikers. This the packers absolutely refused to entertain, so that all the favorable indications that preceded the preliminaries faded away. Donnelly, who departed soon after the close of the conference for St. Louis, returned to Chicago this morning, and went into consultation with the leaders of the allied trades at the yards.

With the thermometer hovering around the nineties, the opening incident of the day was the bringing in of 100 non-union men on the Lake Shore railway. They were escorted to Armour's plant by a lieutenant and 23 policemen. There was no disorder enroute. At 11 o'clock another shipment came in. Knots of strikers gathered about the street corners, despite the withering rays of the sun, growling, disapprobation, but withholding from acts of violence. The packers continued to employ help of all kinds, using the agencies for that purpose, and claim to have a large number of men on the way who, they say, soon will be taught the ins and outs of the business upon arrival. Including this morning's shipments, the packers assert they have employed 1,000 new men thus far, while a great many of the laborers, in whose behalf the strike was inaugurated, have returned to work.

The serious outlook is appreciated by the police and 120 extra patrolmen were assigned to the district this morning, making a total of over 600 officers now on duty in the yards.

MORE QUIT TUESDAY.

Omaha, Neb., July 18.—There is no change in the strike situation this morning. Best order still prevails. Second Vice President Vail this morning announced that unless arbitration again is resumed in Chicago today he would call out every craftsman now in the packing plants. This means 1000 more men may quit Tuesday noon.

The packers have secured perhaps fifty men since Saturday night mostly from branch houses and are doing some little killing. There has been no desertions from the ranks of the strikers yet.

QUIET AT KANSAS CITY.

Kansas City, Mo., July 18.—Packers are operating about as last week today. Quiet prevails.

CLASH AT ST. PAUL.

St. Paul, Minn., July 18.—The second clash of the strike came this morning. Frank Lazecot, a foreman and nonunion employee of Swift & Company's plant, struck a picket during an argument at the gate of the plant. The picket returned the blow. A crowd surrounded Lazecot. The latter was badly pounded but was revived by his companions and special police. No call for a militia is likely.

ELKS

Are Gathering in Cincinnati By the
Thousands--Election is of Absorb-
ing Interest.

Cincinnati, O., July 18.—The election of officers at the meeting of the grand lodge Tuesday afternoon is the absorbing topic among the many Elks now in the city. The candidates for grand exalted ruler are William J. O'Brien of Baltimore, and Samuel H. Needs of Cleveland. The friends of both are working hard. Needs has been endorsed by Ohio. For grand treasurer, John K. Tenor, the former baseball pitcher, now a banker at Charleroi, Pa., is the leading candidate. The cities which are working for the next convention and reunion are Dallas, Texas, Buffalo, Syracuse, and Saratoga, N. Y. Several thousand Elks are here today.

OIL EXCITEMENT

In the Vicinity of Otsego Muskingum
County--Well Struck With 242 Bar-
rel Capacity.

Zanesville, O., July 18.—Great excitement prevails at Otsego, in the northwestern part of the county, where many test oil wells have been put down during the past year.

Marionette parties started to pump a well Saturday that they had put down and had shot two days ago and it yielded thirty barrels in three hours, an average of 240 barrels a day, and indicates that it will keep it up.

A well drilled in by Coshocton people shows prospects equally as good. Other wells are expected to be shot soon.

THIS IS INTERESTING.

Chicago, July 18.—Continuation of blistering hot weather was the forecast sent out today by the weather bureau.

SKIN DISEASES

The Outcropping of Bad Blood.

While not always painful these are aggravating beyond expression. With few exceptions they are worse in spring and summer, when the system begins to thaw out and the skin is reacting and making extra efforts to throw off the poisons that have accumulated during the winter months. Then boils and pimples, rashes and eruptions of every conceivable kind make their appearance, and Eczema and Tetter—the twin terrors of skin diseases—Nettle Rash, Poison Oak and Ivy, and such other skin troubles as usually remain quiet during the cold weather, break out afresh to torment and distract by their fearful burning, itching and stinging. A course of S. S. S. now will purify and enrich the blood,

reinforce and tone up the general system, and carry off the bodily impurities through the proper channels. The skin, with good blood to nourish it, remains smooth and free of all disfiguring eruptions. Send for our book on diseases of the skin, and write us if you desire medical advice or any special information. This will cost you nothing.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

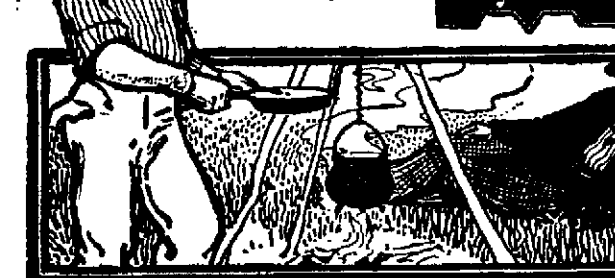
A month under canvas in Colorado

—that is what you need. The healthiest, sanest holiday you can plan. Not expensive—a dollar a day a person is ample.

The Rock Island's summer tourist rates are in effect June 1 to September 30—\$50 for the round trip from Chicago; \$25 from St. Louis. Two trains a day, Chicago to Colorado Springs and Denver. Three car service from St. Louis.

Full information at this office. Call or write.

D. H. MALONEY, General Agent, 415 Park Bldg., Pittsburg, Pa.



Free Trips California and the Southwest

section of our country. It is attractively illustrated with pictures "that talk." It is bright, truthful, instructive and persuasive.

Like all new publications, "The Earth" wishes to increase its circulation, and offers the following very attractive prizes to persons getting up clubs. The only condition is that you become a subscriber yourself.

LIST OF PRIZES

- First Prize—To the person sending the largest list of paid subscribers, a free round-trip ticket, Chicago to Los Angeles or San Francisco.
- Second Prize—For the second largest list, a free round-trip ticket, Chicago to Grand Canyon of Arizona.
- Third Prize—For the third largest list, a free round-trip ticket, Chicago to Phoenix, Ariz.
- Fourth Prize—For the fourth largest list, a free round-trip ticket, Chicago to El Paso, Texas.
- Fifth Prize—For the fifth largest list, a free round-trip ticket, Chicago to Galveston, Texas.
- Sixth Prize—For the sixth largest list, a free round-trip ticket, Chicago to Denver, Colo.
- Seventh Prize—For the seventh largest list, a free round-trip ticket, Chicago to Carlsbad, N. M.
- Eighth Prize—For the eighth largest list, a free round-trip ticket, Chicago to Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.
- Ninth Prize—For the ninth largest list, a free round-trip ticket, Chicago to Garden City, Kan.
- Tenth Prize—For the tenth largest list, a free round-trip ticket, Chicago to Kansas City, Mo.
- Eleventh to Fifteenth Prizes—For the eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth largest lists, 500 miles of railroad transportation.

All of the above transportation good over such road as we designate, and available for use until June 30, 1905. Tickets to be non-transferable and used only by the prize-winners.

If any winners of prizes one to ten, inclusive, should prefer a different trip than the one offered, an equivalent number of miles will be issued. Lists to be closed December 31, 1904.

Let us register your name as entering the competition. Send for sample copies to canvass with. The work should be easy. The price of a yearly subscription to "The Earth" is only 25 cents. No trouble to get a large list at that price by a few hours' work each week among your neighbors. No minimum requirement as to the number of subscribers you get. The prizes will be paid regardless of results.

Write To-day to The Earth, 1118 Railway Exchange, Chicago.

Cut out and mail this coupon.

THE EARTH, 1118 Railway Exchange, Chicago. Enclosed find 25 cents for one year's subscription to "The Earth."

Please enter my name in your Prize Subscription Contest, sending me necessary blanks.

Name _____

Street No. _____

City and State _____

Consider the Red Ant.

Since the report of the government expert who discovered an ant that would destroy the cotton boll weevil there has been more red ant literature than in any equal period of the world's history since Solomon. All of those who know anything about the insect and a great many who do not have rushed into print to give the world the benefit of their knowledge or lack of it. The ant has been treated scientifically, historically, industrially, editorially and in most every other way known to man. Enthusiastic cotton planters have drunk his health, and he has even been preached and prayed over. But it was left for a Texas scientist to place the capstone on the shock of discussion, and this he does to the discomfort of the ant and of the government expert who discovered him. The gentleman from Texas has the floor:

The ant is known scientifically as *Solenopsis debilis texana* and is common in cotton fields throughout Texas. It is undoubtedly one of the most useful insects in retarding to some extent the development of the boll weevil, although on account of the nature of its work, it will probably never be of any very great practical importance. It is frequently to be found in squares on the ground in the act of destroying larvae, but more often the pupae. Occasionally they have been found entering infested bolls which are

yet hanging upon the plants and destroying the pupae, which had become exposed by the premature cracking open of their cells. In some cases they have been known to destroy young adults which had emerged, but in no case that has ever come under the observation of entomologists have they been known to attack the adult weevils.

The Washington Post translates the foregoing after this fashion:

In other words, the Texas person asserts—

First—That the department expert's ant is no news to him.

Second—That there is not the slightest occasion for the majestic and picturesque expeditions to Patagonia or wherever the bug prevails, since it can be had in abundant numbers and at no cost worth mentioning almost anywhere in Texas.

Third—That the solenopsis thingumbob whaddycallam isn't worth 30 cents as an exterminator, even after you get him.

Thus do our fond dreams vanish. After sending a high priced expert all the way to Patagonia and having him discover a red ant that would break a boll weevil's back and lay him out in thirty seconds by the watch, to have a plain cotton raiser from Texas knock the props from under both expert and ant in this fashion is discouraging. Let us hope that our Texas friend is acquainted with some other member of the red ant family and that the Patagonian specimen belongs to a fiercer and more strenuous type.

DISENCHANTED

(Original.)

I fell in love with the name of Cyril St. Cyr, the great actor, as soon as I heard it. Soon after, my dance, George Marsh, took me to see him play.

St. Cyr took the part of a civil engineer upon whose management rested a great enterprise. The thoughtful expression of his face, his noble brow, his massive head, were all well fitted to the part. He was not only "star" in name, but in reality. The whole play hung upon him.

I sighed when I left the theater. Cyril St. Cyr and George Marsh—there was as much difference in the men as in the names. George was a good fellow, had been graduated with honors at college and was a gentleman, but he was not Cyril St. Cyr.

Within two weeks I had seen St. Cyr play three times. While George's photograph, prettily framed, decorated my dressing case St. Cyr's was in my handkerchief case, where no eye but mine ever saw it and from which I took it many times during the day and every night before going to bed to gaze on it rapturously. Week after week Cyril St. Cyr grew more splendid; week after week George Marsh more commonplace. It was plain to me that I had made a mistake. I was of an artistic temperament, and George was a business man. With me the world was art, not business; with George it was business, not art, and when he claimed that the two were incompatible I mentioned St. Cyr and the money he coined every night.

One evening my dream received a shock. At dinner several people were discussing the great actor.

"Everything about him," said a lady, "is artistic, even to his name."

"His name?" said one of the men. "St. Cyr isn't his name. He's Thomas Branagan Murphy."

I gave a gasp and looked for some one to refute the statement as a base allegation, but no one seemed to think there was anything improbable or unusual in it. When I looked at my treasure that night I put it back into my handkerchief case disappointed. There were the same noble expression, lofty brow and massive head, but somehow they did not fit Thomas Branagan Murphy.

One evening George came in hurriedly and asked me to get ready at once to go to the theater. He had made the acquaintance of St. Cyr, and we were to go behind the scenes. I flew upstairs and down again, my heart throbbing like a kettledrum.

We were at the theater half an hour or more before the play began and went directly to the stage door. We were admitted on George's sending in a card and asked to come to Mr. St. Cyr's dressing room. At the door we were given chairs while some one was inside with the actor. The door was open, and we could hear what was said.

"I have considered your proposition to write me up," said the sonorous voice of St. Cyr, "and accept it provided you permit me to do the writing myself. Here is what I have written: "Cyril St. Cyr, the greatest living actor, owes his success to his natural adaptation for his work. There is nothing artificial about him. In private life he is the character of the modest, brainy engineer he personates."

I heard no more of this, which was already sufficient to destroy my dream of that sublime modesty I had seen in my adored one. I fancied George was watching me and took out my handkerchief to conceal a blaze in my cheeks, muttering something about a "stuffy" atmosphere. Presently a man came out, folding up a paper, and hurried away. Another came to the door and said in St. Cyr's voice:

"Come in, Mr. Marsh. I have five minutes before I begin to dress."

This wasn't St. Cyr. It couldn't be St. Cyr. St. Cyr was a god. This man was as ordinary a creature as I ever saw. The noble brow was a bald dome; the massive head was the shape of a football; the ears stuck out like those of an ape. His body was thick; his legs were thin. He was Murphy. I will never call him St. Cyr again. He put out a big red hand to me, then handed me a seat and said to George:

"You won't mind if I make up my head and face, will you?"

George assured him that we would not, and, sitting on a stool before a mirror, he put on a whole head, hair and all, slipped springs over his ears, then covered his pug nose with a Roman. This done, he took up paint brushes and began to blend the artificial with the natural. As he worked he talked.

"Fine line of business we're doing, Mr. Marsh. The secret of my success is knowing how to do it. Most young people who go on the stage waste a lot of time blundering about art. It isn't art; it's business. The only art in it is to fool the public, especially the silly young. There's the letters I got today," pointing, "from young ladies who admire this stuffed head. Don't open any more. But I like to get 'em. I never knew a great run without 'em."

When he came to a pause I told George I couldn't stand the air in there and asked him to take me out. At the stage door I told him I didn't want to stay for the play. We got into the carriage, and George told the coachman to drive home. As soon as we were seated I saw that George was laughing.

"Don't fancy, sweetheart," he said, "that I haven't noticed your infatuation. It has cost me cigars and liquor for a week spent on Murphy to secure the privilege of taking you to see him as he is."

I am now Mrs. Marsh and perfectly satisfied with my husband.

ALICE HUNT.

Russo-Japanese Fun By the Merry Jesters

Kuropatkin—I await the Japanese advance with confidence.

The Czar—But why await?

Kuropatkin—How otherwise can I show my confidence?—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Upon Siberian borders Stood a Russian ill at ease. He said, "Do I hear orders, Or did the general sneeze?" —Washington Star.

First Professor—What are you doing this summer?

Second Professor—I'm rewriting the general history used in the Russian public schools.

"Rewriting it?"

"Well—er—that is, correcting it. I'm annotating all passages that refer to the orientals as slow."—Detroit Free Press.

St. Petersburg, June 23.—General Koutradovitch has sent a request to the czar that he be furnished with 200 grindstones.

"I intend to use them to grind the ends of our cannons to points," he explained.

"I suppose you think you'll be able then to show the Japs some points in gunnery," the czar wired back.

"No," came the reply; "I need more sharpshooters."—Cleveland Leader.

La Montt—Why is Harker going around shouting for Russia? I thought he was a Japanese sympathizer.

La Moynie—He was until his wife wanted \$10 for a Japanese kimono, and then he ripped around and said he wouldn't have anything Japanese in the house.

"Bliggins is a good fellow, but he lacks tact."

"What has he been doing now?"

"Trying to tell a Russian to whom I introduced him that old story about the Japanese being the politest people on earth."—Washington Star.

She Wanted an Experienced Artist.

A woman who had become suddenly rich was traveling in Europe, and while there it occurred to her that it was the proper thing to have her portrait painted by a prominent artist. Accordingly she called at the studio in Paris of a painter of high reputation.

"Will you kindly sit down and wait a few moments?" asked the attendant, when Mrs. Newrich had stated her errand.

"Well, I'm in a hurry. Is your master busy?" she asked.

"Yes, madame. He is engaged on a study."

"On a study?" exclaimed Mrs. Newrich. "Well, no matter; I guess I won't wait. I shan't want him to paint my picture. I want an artist who has got all through with his studies."—Success.

It All Depends.



Mr. Nagg—How much will it cost me to get a divorce?

The Lawyer (absentmindedly)—That depends. How much have you got?

Cause of Action.

Hicks—Pulling, the dentist, has brought suit against one of his patients for damages caused by the extraction of one of the patient's teeth.

Wicks—Guess you mean the patient has brought suit against the dentist.

Hicks—Mean what I said. Dr. Pulling declares he was overpersuaded by his patient, and he estimates if the tooth had been left in it would have been worth at least \$150 to him keeping it in working order.—Boston Transcript.

Ethel's Argument.

Little Ethel—I wish I had a new doll. Maamma—Your old doll is just as good as ever.

Little Ethel—Well, I am just as good as ever, too, but the angels gave you a new baby.—Pittsburg Bulletin.

A Long Engagement.

He—What? You reading about that trouble over at Port Arthur yet?

She—Yes, I am.

"Why, I thought you disliked long engagements?"—Yonkers Statesman.

Summer Showers.

Dame Nature lays her carpet down. A shade of tender green All woven fair with violets And buttercups between.

Then sounds a sudden thunderclap, And gusty showers come—Tis plain, in tacking down the job, Dame Nature hit her thumb.

—Judge.

GOOSEBERRY

(Original.)

"I don't believe that."

"I will prove it to you, sir."

"Bess," snapped the first speaker, "are there any gooseberries in the house?"

"We're to have gooseberry pie for dinner, father. Mother made one yesterday."

"All right," said the father. "You can prove it at the table."

It is a well known fact that certain vegetables are poison to certain people. Frank Andrews had told Mr. Dutton that he could not eat gooseberries without producing a rash on his body. Frank and Bessie Dutton were devoted to each other, and her father, who wished to dispose of her hand to suit himself, was annoyed at the situation. During dinner he sat without speaking, now and again casting dissatisfied glances at his daughter and her lover till the dessert was brought on. Frank ate a large piece of gooseberry pie, and in less than half an hour a rash began to come out first on his arm, then on his neck and face.

"Singular," said Mr. Dutton thoughtfully. "I wouldn't have believed it."

"I am sorry, sir," replied the young man, "that I can't as readily satisfy you as to the truth of all my statements. I wish I could prove Mr. Crosby Cotton a humbug. I would gladly suffer the discomfort of the rash to do so."

Now, the man Mr. Dutton had picked out for his daughter was this same Crosby Cotton, who had returned to the east from the far west with a fortune. He was not a refined man, and Bessie Dutton detested him. Her father was not quite satisfied that Cotton was as rich as he pretended to be, and this, with Bessie's repugnance, had delayed him in forcing the match.

Cotton in order to inspire confidence gave a dinner to a number of his friends, the Duttons being present; also their especial friend, Frank Andrews. Mr. and Mrs. Dutton had always lived very plainly and were people to be easily impressed with a little display.

When the dinner came off it appeared to Mr. Dutton that the host's great wealth had been lavishly used to set a splendid table. Frank Andrews, who was more used to dinner parties, noticed that the chicken salad was made of real, and a fillet de sole was concocted of a very ordinary fish called a flounder. But he made no comments, nor could he very well do so to his friends, the Duttons, because he was not placed beside them at table.

It was evident that Mr. Dutton was very much impressed with the entertainment. The host sat at the head of the table, his red face glowing. On his right sat Mr. Dutton, on his left Mrs. Dutton, and next to her father sat Miss Dutton, casting longing eyes at Frank, who was placed at the other end of the table, but opposite. With the soup was served a white wine, which Andrews tasted and pronounced "California," then a red wine, which he sipped and pronounced also "California." Nevertheless he held his peace. He cast occasional glances at the other end of the table and saw that the host was rolling his wine under his tongue and smacking his lips, at the same time expatiating on its merits to Mr. Dutton.

"This chablis," he said, "I imported myself from Paris. The claret I procured from the stock of a French connoisseur in wines who lived in Bordeaux. Fortunately I was on hand when his wines were sold and put \$1,000 in a hundred bottles. The sherry I bought in Lisbon. But don't waste your taste on these. We'll have some champagne presently, the celebrated Champagne Rosa, which was made in 1860. I bought it right out of the cellar where it had lain fifty years."

Frank Andrews was beginning to boil with indignation. It was perfectly plain to him that the man was playing on the inexperience in such matters of his guest as well as his credulity and was succeeding to his heart's content, for Mr. Dutton was all smiles, thinking how nice it would be to marry his daughter to this nabob and live on such meat and drink for the rest of his life.

Finally there was a popping of corks, followed by a delicious gurgie, and foaming champagne was in the glasses. The host held his glass by its slender stem between his thumb and forefinger, bowed to Mr. Dutton, then to the rest, and the nectar was quaffed. Frank Andrews tasted of the wine and set his glass down with a frown. Indeed the effort to capture the father of Bessie Dutton by such cheap means, together with certain admiring looks of the host to the young lady, had finally excited Andrews to the point of explosion. But there was another reason why he did not like the champagne.

Mr. Dutton's cheeks were beginning to get rosy, his tongue a trifle thick, while his lips were parted in a satisfied smile. Mrs. Dutton was complimenting the host on the sumptuousness of his feast, especially the variety of his wines. Then when for a moment the ripple of chat lulled something happened. Frank Andrews was observed holding up his arm, which he had bared to the elbow, and displaying it to the assembled company.

"Gooseberry!" he cried.

There, true enough, was the rash of the gooseberry, and the Dutton family knew that instead of champagne they had been drinking gooseberry wine.

How the dinner ended was not reported, but Crosby Cotton did not marry Bessie Dutton, and Frank Andrews was the happy man who finally led her to the altar. Cotton's wealth turned out to be in air castles.

WILLARD CLIFFORD IRVING.

Some Railroad Yarns As a Cure For the Blues

THREE fellow travelers in the smoking room of a fast train were discussing the speed of trains.

"I was in a train once," said the first man, "that beat everything I ever rode in for speed. Why, it went so fast that the telegraph poles at the side of the track looked like an immense fine toothed comb."

"That's nothing," said the second traveler; "I remember riding in an express train on the — and — that went at such a gait that the telegraph poles looked like a solid board fence."

The third man made an exclamation of impatience.

"Ah, you fellows don't know what high speed on a railroad is. Why, I traveled west from Chicago last month in a train that went at such a pace that when we passed some alternate fields of corn and beans they looked like succotash!"

"I think the seediest railway line in the world is the one that runs between — and —, out west," said a traveling man who recently returned from an extended trip. "We were crossing a stretch of prairie land near —, when the train suddenly stopped, for no apparent reason. After a waste of almost an hour the conductor came sneaking through the train, glancing furtively at the exasperated passengers as he passed. When he came to me he stopped and leaned down.

"Say," he said in a whisper, "have you got a piece of string? We want to fix the engine."

Florida Old Lady (taking train at station)—Conductor, which is the most dangerous car on the train?

Conductor—The last car is supposed to be, madam.

F. O. L.—Then why don't they leave it off?—Harper's Weekly.

On the Safe Side.

An aspiring young citizen of Schoharie county, N. Y., went up to the city to take his examinations for admission to the bar. One of the questions was, "Define a libel."

"An act of defamation," was the prompt reply.

"I don't mean that kind of libel; I mean a libel in admiralty."

The student puzzled over the question and finally said he did not know.

"What would you do if a man came in and asked you to libel a ship?" asked the examiner, trying to help him.

The youth shook his head, and then his face brightened.

"Oh, well," he said cheerfully, "I guess there ain't no shippin' in Schoharie."—Lippincott's Magazine.

The Tale of a Dog.



"To be continued."

The Little Woman's Retort.

The mild business man was calmly reading his paper in the crowded trolley car. In front of him stood a little woman hanging by a strap. Her arm was being slowly torn out of her body, her eyes were flashing at him, but she constrained herself to silence.

Finally, after he had endured it for twenty minutes, he touched her arm and said:

"Madam, you are standing on my foot."

"Oh, am I?" she savagely retorted. "I thought it was a valise."—Kansas City Independent.

A New Joke After All.

Gayman—My wife found a bill in my pocket the other day for "ribbons for the typewriter."

Wiseman—Oh, I've heard that old joke.

Gayman—So had my wife, so she never suspected that this time they were for the lady and not for the machine.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Just His Imagination.

"Julia," her father called from the head of the stairs.

"Yes, father."

"Did I hear a smack down there just now?"

"If you did you're a wonder. I've been listening for one all evening, but without results."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Remote and Safe.

Brown—Gracious, Jones is slow!

Smith—Yes, he'd be a good fellow to send to the north pole.

Brown—I don't see the connection.

Smith—Why, as long as anybody was left to ask him questions about his plans he'd never get out of town.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

Puzzled Again.

Foreigner—Is not ze sheep one of ze most stupid of animals?

Native—Yes.

Foreigner—Zen why do your young men work so hard at ze college for get a sheepskin?—Chicago Tribune.

Inscrutable.

She takes each day a sun bath Upon the silver shore And uses e'er a sunshade— But no one knows wherefore.

Nor can the poet fancy Just why this maid so cute Should always for her sun bath Put on a bathing suit.

—New York Herald.

When Speaking the Chuloos chew Colgan's Taffy Tolu (The Gum With Substance To It) It prevents hoarseness. Be a Chuloos.

THE HORRORS OF THE DRINK HABIT

Cured Permanently By THE ST. OMER REMEDY.

Can be administered without the patients knowledge, in tea, coffee, milk or water, and has no taste or odor.

It will positively destroy the craving for alcohol in the most obstinate cases.

Indorsed by W. C. T. U. members, leading physicians and temperance workers.

Mr. Albert C. Smith, President Suffolk Dispensary, a charity chartered under Mass. laws, says:

"We use no other remedy in treating cases of drunkenness. The St. Omer Remedy we have found reliable, highly effective and perfectly safe. It is worthy every claim made for it. It is a wonderful remedy."

ABSOLUTELY NO BAD EFFECTS from its use. CURES GUARANTEED. LARGE SIZE PACKAGE 50 CENTS.

Sample free by writing Mrs. A. P. Eldridge, Secy., the ST. OMER SOCIETY, Rich Bldg., Boston, Mass.

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Of West Virginia.

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Recorder,
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Commissioner,
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Infirmary Director,
J. C. MORRISON.

County Surveyor,
FRED S. CULLY.

The pronouncement of the Chicago Chronicle that it will hereafter be a straight out Republican newspaper is the only thing the organs of that party have to boast of in the campaign. As the Chronicle was the most open, avowed and ultra enemy of labor of any newspaper in the United States the Republicans are entirely welcome to the acquisition of such a sheet. It was sailing under false colors when it pretended to be a supporter of Democracy. The paper is just now where it has always belonged in reality and the Democrats are to be congratulated at the riddance. No Democratic paper can be an enemy of labor.

Minnesota gives promise of being added to the list of States in which Democrats will have a fighting chance in this campaign. The defeat of Governor Van Sant for renomination by the Republican State convention has created much bitterness, and his followers are talking of putting an independent ticket for governor in the field. Governor Van Sant, like Governor La Follette, in the neighboring State of Wisconsin, antagonized the great corporations by his stand in behalf of the people, and thereby incurred the enmity of the former, and a consequent defeat for renomination.

Rheumatism

What is the use of telling the rheumatic that he feels as if his joints were being dislocated?

He knows that his sufferings are very much like the tortures of the rack. What he wants to know is what will permanently cure his disease.

That, according to thousands of grateful testimonials, is
Hood's Sarsaparilla
It promptly neutralizes the acid in the blood on which the disease depends, completely eliminates it, and strengthens the system against its return. Try Hood's.

This fate shows how little sympathy the Republican leaders have with such efforts as he made to enforce the anti-merger laws against the railroads.

As a consequence of the work done by the Japanese and Russian torpedo boats in the present war our navy department has resolved to have regular torpedo drill in our navy. This is a wise decision. While of course this drill has to some extent been given, yet it has not been made such a feature of our sailors' work as is now proposed. It promises to be second in importance only to the gun drills proved their value in the war with Spain, and indeed in every war in which we have engaged upon the ocean. The torpedo boats have lately achieved a new importance, and it is only proper that our navy should be second to none in the efficient use of them.

The letter of General Nelson A. Miles to Judge Parker leaves no doubt as to the Democracy of its author, or his desire for the success of the Democratic nominee. A perusal of it indicates why General Miles refused to allow his name to go before the Prohibition convention when his leaders declined to take his advice and await the action of the Democratic one. General Miles believes that the Democratic party is able to deal with the present crisis in the affairs of the Nation, and that it has selected a candidate for President who is not only eminently qualified for the position, but who is sure of election.

We extend a special invitation to the ladies and gents to ride in the parade. If a lady should hold the lucky number she will receive a ladies wheel of same kind and quality, so get in line. The Cycle Dealers. 1843t

"I suffered for months from sore throat. Electric Oil cured me in twenty-four hours." M. S. Gist, Hawesville, Kentucky.

Bicycles admitted free, if you ride in the parade July 22. 1843t

TELEPHONE

Stock Owned By 75 Well-Known Newark Men and Women—Good Chance For Investment.

On July 1, The Newark Telephone Company declared a dividend of 3 per cent on its preferred stock, making a net investment of 6 per cent a year due to the fact that this stock is free from taxes to holders.

Whoever purchases this stock before the 15th of July will have their stock dated back to July 1, thereby gaining the full dividend of 3 percent on January 1, 1905.

Make your investment while there is yet time. The proceeds from the sale free. The Cycle Dealers Association.

of this stock will be used to increase the earnings of the plant. Seventy-five Newark men and women are investors in this growing concern. Call and investigate our plant and you will be well pleased.

NEWARK TELEPHONE CO.,
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DO YOU WANT A NICE HOME?

BEST OF CEMENT BUILDING BLOCK, the very best material in the world for HOUSES, CHURCHES, BUSINESS BLOCKS OR ANY OTHER BUILDINGS, FOUNDATIONS OR WALLS. CHEAPER than any other material and at the same time BETTER. We can also save you money and at the same time give you the very best goods on the market in HARD WALL PLASTER AND PLASTER LATH. If you use or need PORTLAND CEMENT, we are in position to quote a very low price. We are using CEMENT at our works in large quantities and are thereby able to name a price that will get YOUR BUSINESS, if you give us an opportunity to quote you on this article. Come to factory and let us give you our prices on your material.

NEWARK ARTIFICIAL STONE AND PLASTER CO.

GOLDEN RULE JONES.

The following verses on the death of Samuel M. Jones, the Golden Rule Mayor of Toledo, were written by Raymond Evans, a Newark boy, now living in Toledo, for the Toledo Times:

Gone on before, with the seers of yore,
Who have blazed the lonesome way—
Just one more crank on the farther bank,
(Where the cranks all have their day).

They called him a fool, with his Golden Rule,
And his tireless song of love,
They sneered at his talk—they mimicked his walk—
And they laughed at his little dove.

They laughed, and they said that his back-porch bed
Was a bluff and a grandstand play—
Will they jeer at the bones of the dead Sam Jones,
Where he sleeps in the good old way?

He shared our lot—yet we knew him not,
For a separate way he trod.
His light is out—now dare we doubt,
That he walked in the path of God?

We want at least 1,500 bicycles in line July 22. You may get the wheel yet time. The proceeds from the sale free. The Cycle Dealers Association.

That Japan now produces her own sulphur in artificial plantations in sufficient quantities for her needs is well known. Sulphur is found in abundance, as in any volcanic region, and the material for charcoal is also provided for. Gusuacum, which yields the best charcoal for powder purposes, does not thrive in Japan, but there are plenty of alders, which furnish the next best grade. Large groves of this tree cover the old lava beds on the slopes of the Fujiyama. The logs were treated according to all the rules of the art, but the wood was of so great a density, and its fibrous construction so intricate, owing to the extremely slow growth in the unyielding soil, that the charcoal made from it could be disintegrated and reduced to a granular powder only with the utmost difficulty and with but indifferent success. No sooner had the government been informed of this fact than a search was made throughout the land for something better than the alders of Fuji-san, and it was discovered that on the islands of Oki, on the northern shore of Dai Nippon, in the sea of Japan, there flourished splendid alders, of rapid growth and finely fibered, porous wood. Experiments proved this variety to yield an ideally good charcoal for the manufacture of powder. Immediately a forestry station was established on the islands to take care that the supply of this wood should never be exhausted. Here, then, we have the three chief ingredients of black and brown gunpowder—saltpeter, sulphur and charcoal—abundantly produced in the country.

The powder factory at Iwabana, which lies in the direction of Nikko, was built by the Japanese, without assistance from foreigners, after the model of Meguro, but on a larger scale. It is also well equipped with all the apparatus and machinery for the elaboration of the raw materials and the manufacture of ordnance powder, as well as all kinds of blasting powder for engineering and mining purposes. It supplies the Hokkaido—i. e., the northern provinces of Dai Nippon and the islands lying in that direction.

Edji, the powder works of the south, where the specialty is smokeless powder, has the very finest distillery for the alcohol required in the manufacturing process. I have, without any exception, seen anywhere. Here, also, is a complete plant for the manufacture of guano, where the raw material of domestic or imported growth is picked, cleaned, dried and passed through the various complicated, and in many stages rather perilous, manipulations of nitration. The vray of workmen move about with the precision of clockwork, under the eyes of numerous foremen, inspectors and superintendents, and accidents are almost and fatalities entirely unknown.

Three million yen (about \$1,500,000) have been expended in the construction and equipment of this plant. In times of peace about 400 men and 200 girls find here steady employment. All of the buildings are of framework, with cement doorings. The alcohol, by the way, is made from grain, corn, rye, wheat and barley, raised on the

JAPANESE ARMS AND AMMUNITION.

WILLIAM H. BLUMENSTEIN in North American Review For July.

No European or American gunpowder plant is as complete, on as grand a scale, as thoroughly up to date, as convenient and practical as the Japanese government plant at Meguro, near Tokyo, for the manufacture of all kinds of ordnance and blasting powders. The broad brow of a hill, falling rather steeply down on one side into a swampy rice field, has been utilized for the purpose with consummate skill.

The plant is patrolled by a detachment of soldiers, who also assist at the proving tests on the well equipped grounds set apart for this purpose. Each manipulation in the manufacturing process has its full allotment of space, yet not a foot is wasted. The buildings are massive, suitable for the purpose, neat and well kept, but without a trace of anything superfluous. Along the main street, which runs the entire length of the factory grounds, is laid out a narrow gauge railroad, and overhead you see the wire rope power transmission connecting all departments. In spite of all this the picture is unmistakably Japanese, not only because of the turned up corners of the massive roofs and the graceful outlines of the supports of the transmission, which are of mason work, but because of a hundred little details in the treatment of each section. I will only mention the little cascade in which a streamlet falls down the hill, the waters of which are required for the manufacturing process. The land adjoining this hill used to be swampy rice fields. Now it is drained and reclaimed, and the buildings for the heavy machinery and presses are located in this section, reared on earthquake proof piles.

Military precision reigns supreme, and in spite of the working of powerful engines and all the humming of wheels and stamping of crushers and all the other noises of a busy industrial establishment, which turns out some five to six thousand pounds of finished material every day, and gives occupation to half a thousand workmen, the picture is a serene one, free from the smut and dirt of labor. Free also from unpleasant memories, for there has never yet been an untoward explosion or fatality, such as blurs the records of many a similar institution under Caucasian management. Faithful devotion and strict obedience bring about unrelenting attention to duty and thereby preclude disasters, which generally are traceable to somebody's negligence.

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numerous agricultural experiment stations, after American patterns, which are scattered over the fertile Hokkaido, in which the Japanese husbandman obtains valuable instruction in modern methods of farming. In every direction is manifested the ambition to make Japan independent of the outside world.

By far the most important of all establishments of this kind is the imperial powder plant at Itabashi, which is again located in close proximity to the capital. This is practically an experiment station where the merits of new inventions and discoveries are investigated and put to a practical test. It is of all plants the most complete, making every kind of ordnance powder—viz., black, brown and smokeless (grains, leaflets, tube or macaroni, cordite, etc.)—for firearms of all sizes up to the largest. Its chemical laboratories and the apparatus for the numerous auxiliary processes and manipulations are most complete, practical and efficient. As a matter of course, it is seldom that a foreigner is admitted within the high gate. All the officials, from the director down, are natives, and concerning them I want to say that not only the chiefs of the various departments, but their assistants as well, are highly trained experts, each of whom has spent several years at European and American universities, acquiring a thorough mastery of his specialty and getting his mental horizon widened to the farthest extent, so that he might return to his country exceptionally well fitted for the position he was to fill. Scientists of the first rank, who anywhere else would be hailed as stars of the first magnitude, work here unknown to fame, satisfied to devote their matchless genius and knowledge to the welfare and the glory of their country, not with blind fanaticism, but with the enthusiasm of conviction, the noble fire of the idealist. The individual counts for nothing; the country, the emperor, for everything.

Meguro, Iwabana, Udji and Itabashi are under the superintendence of the war department, while the navy department is more especially supplied by the factory at Oji, whose specialty is smokeless powder for naval guns and the charges for the projectiles intended for explosion with lyddite effect. The establishment is situated a little to the north of Tokyo and is of very recent creation. It is planned on the very largest scale, and it is needless to add that here, too, are found all the admirable features embodied in the other plants.

In Tokyo itself is located the arsenal for small arms—rifles, complete with bayonets; small field guns and sabers for the cavalry. It is housed in the fortlike residence of an old time provincial governor or daimio, and the original moat and rampart that protected the estate in turbulent times are still preserved. The age of the place can be surmised from the venerable old yscamores that have grown on the very crest of the wall. The buildings lie in the center of an exquisite old Japanese garden, full of delightful nooks and picturesque vistas, fine old trees rising out of a mass of flowering shrubbery and mossy rocks, reflected in pellucid sheets of water through which goldfish dart in all directions, or velvety lawns, glittering cascades, graceful bridges over pretty streamlets.

The beautifully proportioned, wide halls, in which feudal lords once dwelt in state, are now filled with machinery, shafting and belting, and the hum and rattle of mills and lathes, of piston and hammer, of gearing and saws. One section is given up to the manufacture of rifle barrels, all of small caliber. The blanks for these are mostly imported in the required length and size, so that they have only to be bored and grooved. In another section the rifle stocks are made; in a third, the small parts of the weapon are produced and assembled. Still another section furnishes the bayonets, and when the rifles are complete and adjusted they are taken to the proving grounds, where a corps of sharpshooters systematically tests each one. Those which prove to be not absolutely perfect are returned to the factory to be righted; the accepted ones are stamped and sent to the magazines to be stored for future use. The capacity of the arsenal, in times of peace, is 500 complete rifles per day of ten working hours, with facilities for quadrupling the output by working day and night.

All this constitutes only one part of the establishment. There are a sabre factory and a plant for the manufacture of ammunition used in rifles and guns, and the capacity of this is proportionate to that of the other section. The heavy artillery guns (Arisaka's model), howitzers, mortars, long barreled guns and cannons for the navy and for coast defense, as well as the shells or projectiles for these, are cast at the arsenal of Osaka. Most of the big lathes and milling machines and drills, as well as the cranes and derricks for the handling of the huge pieces, are of Japanese construction, made after small imported models.

Osaka, the second city of the empire, which is often called the Japanese Manchester, lies on a rather shallow bay and is therefore accessible from the sea only by small, light draft vessels, so that no transoceanic shipping can be done from there. To facilitate the transportation of heavy castings and big guns a canal has been dug for the exclusive use of the arsenal, starting within its grounds, passing under the heavy rampart and going through a rather secluded section of the country to the sea coast.

A section of the grounds is given up to the harness and saddlery works and to the manufacture of bits and stirrups and all the other parts of the harness as used by the artillery and cavalry. In other words, these two branches of the army are supplied here with all their accoutrements.

"Solid as a Rock"

The Licking Co. Bank

Has a Paid up Capital of \$165,000.00.

This stock is held by 97 responsible business men and farmers, which insures an additional \$165,000.00 to doubly secure our depositors. Our officers and employees are all bonded in The United States Fidelity and Guarantee Company of Baltimore, Md., for \$75,000.00.

We Pay Interest on Time Deposits.
We Want Your Loans We Want Your Business

Licking County Bank Co.

E. W. CRAYTON, Cashier.

W. N. FULTON, President.



Hold Up

"Your money or your life"—one is lost, the other endangered when you drink impure beer. Drink

CONSUMERS PURE BEER

Open a couple of bottles when your next long-lost friend steps in. It will add a final touch of perfection to the hilarity of the occasion.

We brew it and bottle it ourselves. We watch every process. We age it properly. We use every precaution to make it and keep it pure and healthful.

We know it's just the best beer brewed.

Order Some Right Now.

Consumers Brewing Co. Newark, O.

FLORIDA

NEW ORLEANS

QUEEN & CRESCENT ROUTE

AND SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

SHORTEST ROUTE AND QUICKEST SCHEDULES

CINCINNATI, OHIO—BETWEEN—KNOXVILLE, TENN.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN.—CHARLESTON, S.C.

ATLANTA, GA.—SAVANNAH, GA.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.—JACKSONVILLE, FLA.

SPRINGPORT, TEX.—NEW ORLEANS, LA.

and TEXAS POINTS.

FOR INFORMATION ADDRESS:

D. P. Brown, N. E. P. A. 67 Woodward St., Detroit, Mich.

W. A. Garrett, General Manager.

W. C. Rinearson, General Passenger Agent.

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Read Advocate Want "Ads." Page 3.

Vacation Expenses

Are you in search of an inexpensive place for your summer vacation, where you can have a really enjoyable outing at but a nominal cost? The inland lake country in southern Michigan and northern Indiana and that along the south shore of Lake Erie, between Buffalo, N. Y., to Toledo, Ohio, including the historic Lake Erie Islands, will meet your wishes.

There are hundreds of places in this summer region. You can secure good board with rooms at rates averaging from \$5 to \$8 per week. You can fish, boat, bathe, camp out, and enjoy in many ways the simplicity of summer life afforded in this delightful summer vacation land. Our book, "Quiet Summer Retreats," covering a large list of boarding places, with rates, proprietors' names and addresses, features of location, camp sites, furnished cottages, etc., will assist you in selecting a place, and will be sent by undersigned for 2 cents in postage.

For summer excursion rates to points named in book apply to your local ticket agent, and if he can not furnish, or for any desired information, address

A. J. SMITH, G. P. & T. A., Cleveland, Ohio.

The Lake Shore

& Michigan Southern Ry.

ADVOCATE "WANTS"

Three Lines, 3 Times, 25 cents.

Rutledge Bros.

Third Semi-Annual Discount Sale

—ON ALL—

MEN'S, BOY'S AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

—BEGINNING—

Monday, July 18th

—AND CONTINUING UNTIL—

SATURDAY, JULY 30, INCLUSIVE

Men's Suits	Young Men's Suits	Children's Suits
\$10 suits - - - \$ 7.95	\$5.00 suits - - - \$ 3.75	\$1.50 suits = = \$ 1.18
\$12, \$12.50 suits - 8.95	6.00 suits - - - 4.45	2.00 suits = = 1.48
13.50 suits - - - 10.75	7 and 7.50 suits 5.75	2.50 suits = = 1.78
15 and \$16.50 suits 12.45	8.50 suits - - - 6.75	3.00 suits = = 2.28
18.00 suits - - - 13.95	10 suits - - - 7.95	3.50 suits = = 2.78
20.00 suits - - - 15.95	12.50 suits = = 8.75	4.00 suits = = 3.18
22.00 suits - - - 16.95	13.50 suits = = 10.45	5.00 suits = = 3.78
25 00 suits - - - 18.95	15 suits = = = 12.25	6.00 suits = = 4.48
	\$18 suits = = = 13.45	6.50 suits = = 4.78
		7 and 7.50 suits = 5.28

A Few New and Stylish Russian Blouse Suits at One-Half Price.

This is a strictly legitimate clearance sale to reduce our stock and make room for our fall line which will commence to arrive in a short time.

No suits marked up to deceive the customer, no old stock, but a well selected line of stylish, new tailor-made garments at prices never before offered in Newark. Come early and get your choice of these bargains.

Special price on Summer Underwear. Straw Hats Half-Price.

RUTLEDGE BROS.

Sellers of Good Clothes.

No 21 S. Side Square, Newark, O.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Painters' Union.
All union painters are earnestly requested to attend the meeting of July 20, to act on business of vital importance.

Literary Society Meeting.
The Newark Dramatic and Literary association will meet promptly at 7 o'clock this evening in St. Francis de Sales school hall.

Catholic Benevolent Society.
The regular meeting of the Ladies' Catholic Benevolent association will be held in their hall at the usual hour, Tuesday evening.

How Many Children Have You?
A barrel of flour will be given to the man and wife who bring the largest family to the picnic by the Modern Woodmen, July 21.

Boy Fell From a Car.
An unknown boy fell from a Fourth street car Saturday night alighting on his head. The car was moving at a rapid rate.

The boy's injuries or his name could not be learned by the street car men.

Boys' Brigade Attention.
All members of the Boys' Brigade are requested to report promptly Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock sharp at the armory. Baggage must be turned over to quartermaster at 9 o'clock. Uniforms will be at the armory Tuesday.

"Rosey" Elected Drummer.
Mr. Cliff Rosebrough, with the fresco firm of Fischer & Mahler, of Columbus, Ohio, spent Sunday at his home, 127 South Fifth street, this city. The colonel was honored by the Old Guard Post of the G. A. R. at Columbus, last Tuesday evening, when the rules of the post were dispensed with and he was elected a regular drummer in the post drum corps. This post is a uniformed,

fully armed and equipped drill division, and will go to the National Reunion at Boston, Mass., on August 18. "Rosey" will go with the old boys.

New Wagon.
Graef Bros. were on the street Saturday with a fine new wagon from the Terre Haute Brewing Company.

Veterans Notice.
Comrades of the 75th O. V. I. and the U. V. L. will meet tomorrow at 7 p. m. at John Heiser's shoe store, No. 15 South Fourth street, to make arrangements for the funeral of Comrade Captain Wm. H. Darlington.

Attention A. O. U. W.
There will be an important meeting of Golden Rod lodge tonight in A. O. U. W. hall at which time the picnic committee will make its report and arrangements will be made for the big picnic to be given in the near future.

Open-Air Meeting.
Tonight Evangelist Dillon will hold an open-air service on the grounds by the church. This service may close the special meetings. Come and hear Miss Dillon sing. Comfortable seats in the open air. The revival was full of interest and power on Sunday.

Tools Reported Stolen.
W. G. Thomas and Henry McCracken, two young carpenters who have been engaged at work on one of the new houses being erected on Indiana street, reported to the police Monday morning that two complete sets of carpenter tools had been stolen from the building on Saturday night.

CINCINNATI EXCURSION.
On Sunday, July 24 the B & O. R. R. will sell excursion tickets Newark to Cincinnati, fare for the round trip only \$2.50. Special train will leave Newark at 5:30 a. m., returning will leave Cincinnati at 7 p. m. Baseball game, Cincinnati vs. Boston.

CORK LEG

Of the Harness Maker Was Too Buoyant and He Was Drowned, Together With a Son.

Toledo, O., July 18.—Henry Yetter, a harness maker at Grand Rapids, Ohio, and his ten-year-old son Arthur, were drowned in the Miami and Erie canal a mile below that town Sunday. The son had gone into the canal to take a swim while his father and another son stood upon the bank.

The little fellow got beyond his depth or was seized with cramps and called for assistance. The father, mindful of the fact that he had a cork leg, at once jumped into the canal to go to the boy's aid. The buoyancy of the cork leg, however, proved a fatal impediment, and the father was himself rendered powerless, and both sank within a few feet of each other.

The boy's body was recovered where he went down but the father's body floated head downward, a distance of a mile, where it was discovered. The son on the bank was apparently too excited to give aid.

Make your arrangements to ride in the Bicycle Parade July 23. 18d3t

WOODMAN PICNIC.

Get your baskets ready for the big day, Thursday, July 21. 25 cents round trip. Everybody come. 7-16-4t

Prof. Hought—Dancing at Buckeye Lake. The professor has made arrangements for five or six hundred people Tuesday evening, July 19. Dancing from 8 to 12. All scholars and friends are invited. 7-15-d-3t

Itchiness of the skin, horrible plague. Most everybody afflicted in one way or another. Only one safe, never failing cure. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Dollar a Day Tramping.

One tramps because he likes to tramp, not to save money. Nevertheless, in Normandy, and the same is true of nearly every other section of France except Savoy and the Cote d'Azur, one must make a distinct effort to spend, while tramping, more than seven francs a day, or a dollar and forty cents. Nearly all the auberges and many of the smaller hotels give comfortable rooms for thirty cents a night—and no extra charges for the petit déjeuner for ten cents, and a prix fixe déjeuner and dinner for thirty cents each.

In a word, seven francs (\$1.40) a day represents luxury; four to six, comfort; and three to four the essential. To bring the average per day below three francs and keep moving, it is necessary to go to the length of buying provisions at the stores, and sleeping sometimes in the open air and in garages, a method which is not without its special piquancy—as I know from experience, but which it would be hazardous, if not unpardonable, to recommend.—Alvan F. Sanborn in the August Booklover's Magazine.

Three Per Cent Dividend.

At the regular meeting of the directors of the Citizens' Building Association held Wednesday night, a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent. was declared and ordered placed to the credit of each share of stock. This meant that each customer of the Citizens will be paid in cash or have his loan stock credited with a 3 per cent dividend no more nor no less. The condition of the Citizens is very prosperous, and homebuilders should investigate its liberal plans. 14d7t

Tell your friends to brush up his or her old wheel and get in line. 18-3t

You Cannot Afford to Forget Us

WHEN YOU THINK OF GOOD CLOTHING.

SECOND WEEK OF OUR GENUINE CLEARANCE SALE.

This time its Summer Coat or Coats and Vests, in Serges Alapacas, Drabeteas, Crash and Linen.

A Straight Discount of 1-4 on all of them 25 per cent

A Straight Discount of 1-2 on all Linen Suits
50 PER CENT.

Don't Forget to Vote for the Most Popular Farmer or Union Man
A Vote for Every 50c Purchase, Ask for Ballots.

The Great Western

ABOUT PEOPLE.

W. A. Taylor of Union township, was in the city Saturday.

Dr. F. P. Leatherman of Outville, was in the city Saturday.

S. A. White and son of Laurelville, O. visited friends here last week.

W. C. Rowe of Circleville, was here the latter part of the week on business.

Mrs. D. E. Lewis and Miss Emma Snyder of Pittsburg, Pa., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Switzer.

R. L. Patton, the well known insurance agent of Johnstown, was in the city on business on Saturday.

Laban McDonald, a prominent Democrat of Fallsburg township, was in the city on Saturday on business.

Mrs. W. H. Phillips and daughter, Miss Dorothy, are visiting at the home of A. B. Schauweker, 339 Hudson avenue.

Mrs. Wm. Graef and daughter, Esther, left Sunday for Indianapolis, where they will visit her sister, Mrs. Thomas Finney.

Mrs. Hollar and daughter, Miss Maud, of Tenth street, will leave this evening for St. Louis for a week or ten days at the fair.

"Scotty," the crack pitcher of the Rug company, left this morning for Chicago Junction, where he will twirl for Chicago Junction.

Angus Smith and wife are visiting for a few days at Columbus, the guest of his brother-in-law, E. T. Pearson, 1256 Champion avenue.

Mr. Robert C. Richter, the well known merchant of Columbus, formerly an old Newark boy, is now making an extended tour of Norway and Sweden.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Allison of New York City, formerly of Newark, are visiting friends here for a time. Mr. Allison left for Sandusky this morning on a business trip.

Mr. Claud Bradley, who has had charge of the United States Express office at the B. & O. depot for a number of years, left with his wife and two daughters for a six weeks trip to Oklahoma.

Dr. and Mrs. Garner and little daughter, Eva, of Lansing, Mich., who have been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Taylor in Union township, have returned home, after having had a very pleasant visit.

Mr. Emmett Baker of Vapatta, is spending a few weeks with his sister, Mrs. Ed. Parlett, of Appleton. Mr. Baker has been in Columbus for a week undergoing a mastoid operation and treatment. He is slowly recovering under the care of Dr. Wolff of Appleton.

Mrs. J. T. Conlon left Sunday for St. Paul, Minn., where she will represent the local branch 656 at the first triennial and eighth convention of the Ladies Catholic Benevolent Association. It has a record and position among fraternalists that is a pride and a monument to the zeal of Catholic women throughout the country. There will be a thousand delegates in attendance. Mrs. Conlon will make connection with the special through train bearing the Supreme Council officials and eastern delegates at Fostoria, the special reaching St. Paul at 9 o'clock Monday morning.

WEATHER REPORTS.

We have just made arrangements to receive the weather reports daily and will be pleased to furnish same to our subscribers upon request to the chief operator.

CENTRAL UNION TELEPHONE CO.
W. W. Alderson, Mgr. 18-2t

TREMENDOUS

Demand For Democratic Speeches — Congressional Campaign Committee Distributes 500,000 Copies.

Washington, July 18.—There is a tremendous demand for speeches attacking President Roosevelt. Literature of this character is being ordered by the thousands, but the demand is much greater than the supply. The Democratic congressional campaign committee is working overtime. So far 500,000 copies of a speech delivered by Congressman Kitchen of North Carolina, in the House, have been distributed and 200,000 more copies have been ordered from the printers. Speeches made by Congressman Fitzgerald of New York, and Patterson of Tennessee, are also being sent out by the thousands all over the country. Extracts from the discourses are printed in red ink on the covers. From Kitchen: "It is a marvel that any party should offer a candidate for the presidency, a man who has so viciously traduced the character of the best type of American citizenship."

The entire speech of Mr. Kitchen is a bitter attack upon the President. Among other things he quotes from Mr. Roosevelt's books to prove that the President justified lynching as proper punishment for the theft of a \$10 Texas cow, and that he has criticized several Presidents of the United States without justice. This speech will be one of the Democrats' principal campaign documents.

A FACT PROVEN.

Should Convince Even the Most Skeptical of Its Truth.
If there is the slightest doubt in the minds of any that Dandruff germs do not exist, their belief is compelled by the fact that a rabbit inoculated with the germs became bald in six weeks' time. It must be apparent to any person therefore that the only prevention of baldness is the destruction of the germ—which act is successfully accomplished in one hundred per cent. of cases by the application of Newbro's Herpicide. Dandruff is caused by the same germ which causes baldness and can be prevented with the same remedy—Newbro's Herpicide. Accept no substitute. "Destroy the cause you remove the effect." Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

C. T. Bricker, Special Agent.

AMUSEMENTS

The headline attraction this week at Idlewild Casino is a comedy melange by J. A. Murphy and Elois



ELOIS WILLARD.

Willard. The act is the artistic blending of the sublime and ridiculous and it pleased the big audiences yesterday. The whole bill is worth seeing.

Get out Your Old Hats!

OLD HATS MADE NEW

Silk Hats
Stiff Hats
Soft Hats
Panama Hats
Straw Hats
Cleaned by the New York Broadway Hatters Association, D. S. Smith proprietor.

Will permanently locate in the City of Newark in a few days. Watch for location. We will pay attention to cleaning and pressing your clothes—day or night.

D. L. SMITH.



Men's Canvas Oxfords

This will be a great season for Men's Canvas Shoes and Oxfords.

We are selling lots of them already.

Men are finding out that they're the coolest and most comfortable footwear possible to obtain for hot weather.

GET A PAIR OF THEM.

Men's Canvas Oxfords, with rubber sole..... **60c**
Men's White Canvas Shoes, with leather soles..... **\$1.25**
Men's Blucher White Canvas Oxfords, with leather soles..... **\$1.25**
Men's Goodyear Welt Linen shoes..... **\$3.00**

Carl & Seymour

South Side Shoe Hustlers.
Old Phone Main 34

BACK HOME

And Under a Physician's Care Is Rev. Mr. Ellis Who Disappeared on the Fifth of July.

Richmond, Ind., July 18.—Rev. Ellwood O. Ellis, the pastor of the South Eighth Street Friends church who mysteriously disappeared on July 5, has returned to his home. He is said to have come from Nashville, Tenn., via Cincinnati.

The Van Dyke heard that Mr. Ellis were previous to leaving Richmond has disappeared.

At the Ellis home it was stated that Mr. Ellis was in no condition mentally or physically to submit to an interview. A physician has been in constant attendance since Mr. Ellis reached home. It was asserted that the impression was given that the minister was believed by family friends to be suffering from mental collapse.

Arthur Ellis, son of the minister, said:

"My father returned last night. We have not questioned him as to the cause that led up to his departure nor as to where he has been. He is in no condition to be questioned by family nor by any body else at this time."

MANAGERS

Of Independent Circuit of Ohio Ball Teams Met in Newark Monday Afternoon.

The managers of the baseball clubs in the Independent Circuit of Ohio met with President M. S. Gaunter in the parlors of the Hotel Seiler in Newark Monday afternoon. The baseball outlook was discussed in general and games were booked for the coming month.

Manager Driscoll made arrangements to have the fast Urbana team here next Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday. Local fans will be glad to know that Catcher Benny is back with the Urbana team. These games will have considerable importance as Urbana has won five games from Newark and Newark has taken the same number from Urbana.

Managers present at the meeting are as follows: W. O. Anderson, Zanesville; Joe L. McDowell, Coshocton; W. L. Herbert, Circleville; W. Driscoll, Newark; A. H. Cooley, Mt. Vernon; C. R. Murphy, Urbana; F. A. Amann, Sidney; W. W. Drake, Findlay.

It was reported after the Zanesville-Piqua game at Zanesville Sunday that the Piqua team would be disbanded. It is understood, however, that the team will be reorganized under different management and the dates will be fulfilled.

COSHOCTON'S NEW CHURCH.

Coshocton, O., July 18.—The contract for building the new Presbyterian church here was awarded to C. B. Ballard, of Matton, Ill., for \$33,000. There were a dozen bidders.

Stomach Distress

Stopped in one day and cured to stay cured with Drake's Peppermint Wine. Any reader of this paper will receive a trial bottle free by sending letter or postal card to Drake Formula Company, Chicago.

Embezzlement Charged.

Findlay, O., July 18.—On a warrant charging embezzlement in the sum of \$155, Jacob Hanff was arrested at Fostoria Sunday afternoon by the local authorities. The warrant was sworn to by the firm of Schafer & Seib, cigar dealers. They claim Hanff collected money and failed to return it the company. Hanff is well known and quite prominent in this city.

E. W. Crayton went to Westerville today owing to his father's illness.

Mayor Reversed.

In the case of Meek, plaintiff in error, vs. the City of Newark, and Dutt vs. same, Judge Seward Monday handed down a decision reversing the Mayor.

June Fees.

During the year ending July 1, 1904, there were paid in the Common Pleas Court \$413.56 for grand jury; \$284 for taxmen and \$2,851.40 for petit jurors in civil cases, and \$630.20 in criminal cases, making a total of \$1,945.16 paid during the year.

Isaac Roberts, the astrologer, died today.

The Kaiser today ordered Count Von Buelow, to enter protest against the stoppage of the North German Lloyd liner Prinz Heinrich in the Red Sea by the Russian cruiser.

PORT ARTHUR'S BESIEGER

General Nogi of Japan and His Spartan Characteristics.

It is no wonder that the Japanese win great victories when they are led by men like General Nogi. This officer received the news of his son's death in the assault on Nanshan hill without a sign of emotion and gave



GENERAL NOGI.

orders as he left home for the scene of war that there should be no mourning ceremony until he himself and his other son had also fallen. General Nogi expects as a matter of course to give his life for his country. He is commander of Japan's Fourth army in Manchuria, which is employed in the operations around Port Arthur.

NEW GOVERNOR GENERAL.

Earl Grey, Who Succeeds the Earl of Minto in Canada.

Earl Grey, who has been appointed to succeed the Earl of Minto, his brother-in-law, as governor general of Canada, is a man of varied accomplishments and extensive experience in public affairs and is interested in social reform movements. He is president of the London branch of the Public House Trust, a society formed by statesmen, clergymen and business men to lessen



EARL GREY, GOVERNOR GENERAL OF CANADA.

the evils of intemperance in Great Britain by reforming the public houses and inns.

Albert Henry George Grey, fourth earl, is a nephew of the third Earl Grey, whom he succeeded in 1894. His father was the late General the Hon. Charles Grey, who was private secretary to Queen Victoria. Earl Grey was born at St. James' palace in 1871 and is perhaps best known as administrator of Rhodesia, in South Africa, in 1896 and 1897, succeeding Dr. Jameson.

VICE ADMIRAL BEZOBRAZOFF

Russians Make Much of Successes of the "Vladivostok Raider."

The victories of the Japanese land forces in Manchuria have caused the Russians to take as much comfort as possible from the successes of the Vladivostok fleet in its raids upon Japanese merchant vessels and the transport service of the enemy. The officer who is in direct command of the Vladivostok fleet is Vice Ad-



VICE ADMIRAL BEZOBRAZOFF.

miral Bezobrazoff. The "Vladivostok raider," as he is known, commands the second division and Vice Admiral Witthoff the first division of the Pacific fleet. The latter's headquarters are at Port Arthur. Vice Admiral Bezobrazoff, with headquarters at Vladivostok, is commander in chief of the fleet in the east.

A SINGULAR VEHICLE

[Original.]

"Have you seen a white house with green blinds go by here today?" Surely there was insanity in his eye. He was a thin little chap with a melancholy look about him. At any rate the man sitting on a wooden armchair before a hook and ladder company's station of whom he asked the question thought so.

"No; I haven't seen no white house with green blinds go by here today. If I had I'd 'a' stopped it to give it some refreshment."

The questioner regarded the fireman intently for a moment, as though an idea were being born in his brain. Then he turned away and walked on. He had gone but half a block when out of a fine residence came a young man of rather sporty appearance, smoking a cigarette. The wayfarer addressed him:

"Have you seen anything of a woman with black hair and eyes and two kids, a boy of five and a girl of three, both looking like me, riding past here today in a white house with green blinds?"

The sporty young man took his cigarette out of his mouth and looked at the questioner with a blank stare.

"You mean a white horse and a green buggy?"

"No; I mean a white house with green blinds."

"My friend," remarked the sporty man, "I'll just bet you \$100 to \$10 that no family has ridden this way today in any kind of a house, and no family will ride down this street in a house tomorrow or next day."

So saying he turned on his heel and walked away. The man called after him:

"Take you."

Turning, the sporty man saw the other holding a ten dollar bill toward him. The former stood irresolute for a moment, wondering if he had better call an ambulance to take the man to Bedlam, but he was a "dead game sport" and would not go back on his bet even with a lunatic. He went into the house for funds; then as the lunatic proposed that the fireman he had interviewed hold the stakes the sporty man went there with him.

"This gentleman," said the lunatic, "bets me \$100 to \$10 that a woman and her kids haven't ridden by here today in a white house with green blinds or won't ride by here in a white house with green blinds tomorrow or next day."

The fireman and the sporty man retired for consultation, then returned, and the fireman agreed to hold the stakes, which were deposited in the chief's locker. The lunatic departed, and the fireman and the sporty man went to the telephone, where they reported the matter to the police station. The consequence was that after telephoning the various asylums for the insane and not hearing of any escapes the inspector concluded the suspicious person to be a confidence man and sent a policeman to shadow him. The policeman who went on this duty, after seeing the fellow make several bets that a family had ridden or would ride within two days down the street in a white house with green blinds, decided to take him in. The man said that he would make it hot for the police, declaring that his wife would be worried to death about him. Then they asked him where he lived. He said he didn't know. The question seemed to quiet him, and he went to jail peacefully.

The next morning the prisoner was brought up on a charge of vagrancy. He was not known as a criminal, had done nothing criminal, and there was no other charge to be made. "Ten dollars," said the judge, "and in default thirty days." The prisoner pulled out \$10 and complacently paid his fine, much to the astonishment of the court, policeman and spectators. Then he went away, while the police authorities debated whether to rearrest him or let him go. They finally decided on the latter course.

The same afternoon the lunatic collected the persons with whom he had made bets, telling them that his wife and children would ride by in a white house with green blinds. They laughingly followed him, pretending to fall in with his idea, some of them having intended to turn a penny by his folly, others to return him his money eventually. The lunatic posted them on the sidewalk in the middle of a long block and asked them to wait a few minutes. Presently a man emerged from the next side street above and began to plant a windlass.

The bettors looked at each other, then with one accord started to see what was coming, the lunatic going with them. There on rollers was a white house with green blinds. In an open door was a woman pushing back a boy and girl. "Hello, Molly," said the lunatic. "They didn't get you started yesterday, I see."

"No. But where on earth have you been? Working all night again?"

"No; in jail. You see, the police thought I was either a lunatic or a confidence man and ran me in. I asked a fireman if he'd seen you pass, and the way he replied gave me the cue how to make some money. I've got \$275 due me in bets or will have after you turn the corner. You see, I took all the money we had while we were moving to carry in my pocket, so I had all I wanted to put up the stakes."

The accompanying bettors looked at one another again, then quickly separated.

Some \$200 of the bets was paid. The rest were called off, the stakeholder declaring that the bets were made on a certainty. EDITH F. BAKER.

FIGHTING THE STANDARD.

George Rice, Who Has Begun Another Battle Against the Oil Trust.

Some years ago public attention was concentrated on the fact that was made against the Standard Oil company in the state of Ohio, a leading figure in the controversy being George Rice, a Marietta oil dealer. He claimed to have been driven out of business and financially ruined by the methods of the great combination headed by John D. Rockefeller. The decision of the United States supreme court in the case of the Northern Securities company has afforded Mr. Rice encouragement to begin another fight against the Standard Oil company, and he has instituted an action against it in the state of New Jersey.

Mr. Rice has been fighting for over twenty years a battle which he believes to be one of principle. He declares that, while he might have been worth a great deal more money today if he had not fought the Standard Oil company, he does not regret having stood by what he believes to be right



GEORGE RICE.

business principles. He was born in Vermont. In 1872 he went into the oil business in West Virginia and a few years later established what was known as the Ohio Oil works at Marietta, O. The plant had a capacity of 100,000 barrels of crude oil per annum. Since 1896 the refinery has been closed. Mr. Rice claims that it would be in operation today, with a business worth over a million dollars, but for alleged unlawful means employed to drive the concern out of business.

The suit now brought by Mr. Rice seeks to dissolve the Standard Oil company as a corporation of the state of New Jersey. It is expected that the case will be reached for trial in the autumn.

Several years ago Mr. Rice had rather a sensational meeting with Mr. John D. Rockefeller in the parlor of a New York hotel. The great multimillionaire extended his hand and undertook to be friendly. Rice refused to shake hands and bluntly charged the Standard Oil magnate with ruining his business through the power of his great wealth.

HELEN KELLER'S SUCCESS.

Remarkable Achievements of a Blind, Deaf and Dumb Girl.

Helen Keller, the blind, deaf and dumb young woman who graduated last month from Radcliffe college, says of her experience in obtaining a college education: "I have groped my way



MISS HELEN KELLER.

through college, reaching out in the dark pathway for wisdom, for friendship and for work. I have found much work, abundant friendship and a little wisdom, and I ask for no other blessing." Miss Keller's achievement in obtaining the degree of bachelor of arts from Radcliffe college, which is the woman's department of Harvard university, is so remarkable that it has attracted attention all over the world. She is now twenty-four years old and was born in Tuscumbia, Ala. At the age of eighteen months she was taken ill, and the sickness left her deaf, dumb and sightless. Although so greatly handicapped in communicating with others and acquiring knowledge, she has conquered all obstacles, obtained an exceptionally accurate knowledge of French, German, Latin, Greek, English literature, economics, Shakespeare, history of medicine, Europe and history of philosophy, and has written two books, "Optimism" and "The Story of My Life." Though such a close student, she loves outdoor exercise and can row, swim, ride a bicycle and a horse, and is never so happy as when in the open air.

A WOMAN'S UNMANLINESS

[Original.]

Titus and I were inseparable. Titus was my dog, a brown and white setter who cared for no one in the world but me. In the summer we would wander over the country together, in the autumn would hunt together.

One morning when I started out, expecting to find Titus at the front door waiting for me, as was his invariable custom, he was not there. Nor did he again appear. He had been stolen.

In town that winter I met Miss Jeannette Fearing. She started at being confined between brick walls, compelled to seek solace in an occasional ball or other similar entertainment, and pined for the summer home of her family, where she could ride on horseback, fish and hunt. This was manly; and I admitted many women. When with her, instead of being obliged to chat on the happenings in our social circle, I found her ready to discuss more important topics, and where she did not understand she was quite willing to listen.

After enjoying her society at intervals through half a winter I met her one afternoon and was surprised at receiving from her a very cold nod. My first impulse was to go to her and ask for an explanation. Had she been another woman I would have done so, for women are easily offended, and doubtless some trifling act of mine had been misunderstood. But Jeannette Fearing I had considered above such petty misunderstandings, and if she had a grievance against me she should state it openly in a frank, manly way.

I did not see Jeannette again that winter, nor indeed that summer. In the autumn I was invited to the country seat of a friend and had some excellent shooting, though I missed Titus and lost many a bird that I should have bagged with his assistance. When the party broke up I remained to get a day's shooting in a region some twenty miles distant where woodcock were said to abound. Starting early, I was driven to the ground, and with my gun entered the wood. I had had such bad luck with my host's dogs that I had brought none of them. I had bagged several birds when I heard not far away the report of a gun, and a few minutes later a dog broke through the underbrush and, seeing me, paused to examine me. In another moment he uttered a yelp of delight and came for me on the jump. I saw at a glance that he was my old friend Titus. While he was climbing over me, kicking my face and hands, I caressing him, a woman wearing a short dress and high boots, carrying a gun, emerged from the brush and stood looking at me. "What was my astonishment to recognize Jeannette Fearing. I raised my hat, and she returned my salute, but as coldly as when I had last met her in the city.

"This is a singular meeting," I said.

"Do you live near by?"

"Our country place is a mile away."

"And I am visiting near by."

"Caesar, come here," she called.

Caesar, as she dubbed him, demurred, and when she ordered him more sharply slunked along slowly, occasionally turning to me.

"Titus!"

With a bound he started in my direction and did not stop till he had his paws again on my shoulder. Jeannette looked puzzled.

"How did you come by this dog?" I asked.

"I bought him in the city last fall."

"You are under the ban of the law, having in your possession stolen goods."

"I shall be happy to pay for him."

"I do not care to sell him, but you are quite welcome to him."

"I am not in the habit of accepting presents from men."

"We might leave it to the dog to choose his owner. Titus, go to your mistress."

I pointed to Jeannette and looked sternly at the dog. He lay down on the ground, whined and thrashed the turf with his tail. But I did not cease my orders till he had gone to a point midway between us. "Now," I said, "we shall see whether he will follow you or me." I moved away. Jeannette, too, turned and walked on. The dog stood looking from one to the other. His distress was so great that we both stopped.

"For the dog's sake," I said, "I will ask an explanation of your changed treatment of me."

"Last winter I wrote you a note to your club containing a simple request. You did not consider it worth a reply."

"H'm," I said, pondering. "Another letter gone wrong." Then to Jeannette:

"There is a man in the club with the same initials as mine and a similar name. He sometimes gets my letters and usually turns them over to me, but last fall he went abroad. He probably read your letter in Europe."

She stood looking first at me, then at the dog, then on the ground.

"Don't you think," I asked, "that a more manly way?"

"I am not a man."

"I have often endowed you with certain manly traits. A man, not receiving a reply to a note from me, would have come to me at once for an explanation."

"A woman would scorn to do such a thing."

"You have given me great pain."

"And you spoiled my—my winter."

There was a slight tremor in her voice. Having discovered something wrong I left off looking for manliness. I had come up beside her and, taking her hand, said abruptly:

"Let us own the dog together."

Since the advent of a little stranger my wife has retrograded considerably. She has not now even the manliness to hunt with me. EDWIN CLARK.

EXCURSION NOTICES

Good Trains from Newark

To St. Louis World's Fair, Via Pennsylvania Lines.

"The World's Fair Special" runs from Newark through to St. Louis; has finely appointed vestibule coaches and Pullman drawing room sleeping cars; leaves Newark 5:20 p. m., arrives St. Louis 7:22 next morning in good time for passengers to establish themselves in hotels or boarding houses and still have the day to enjoy the World's Fair. Other through trains to St. Louis leave Newark 5:40 a. m., 9:05 a. m. and 12:40 a. m. daily. Write or telephone J. L. Worth, Ticket Agent, Pennsylvania Lines, Newark, Ohio, for full particulars about trains and special excursion fares.

Low Fares to Boston—August 12th, 13th and 14th, excursion tickets to Boston, account National Encampment Grand Army of the Republic, will be sold from all ticket stations on Pennsylvania Lines. For full information regarding fares, time of trains, etc., apply to Local Ticket Agent of those lines.

Reduced Fares to Franklin, Ohio—July 14th to August 1st, inclusive, excursion tickets to Franklin (Warren County), Ohio account Meeting Miami Valley Chautauqua, will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines. For information regarding fares, etc., apply to local ticket agent of those lines.

Low Fares to the West—May 3, 17, June 7, 21, July 5, 19, August 2, 16, Homeseekers' tickets will be sold to points in the West, Northwest, South and Southwest, and Canada and Mexico. For further information, apply to Ticket Agents of Pennsylvania Lines.

VACATION TRIP TO SEASHORE.

Low Fares to Famous Ocean Resorts via Pennsylvania Lines.

Nothing can take the place of a vacation passed at the seashore. A special opportunity to enjoy twelve days' outing at the most attractive summer havens along the Atlantic Coast is offered by the Pennsylvania Lines Seashore Excursion, August 11th. Round trip fare \$13.00 from Newark, O., to Atlantic City, Cape May, Holly Beach, Avalon, Angelsea, Wildwood, Sea Isle City, Ocean City, New Jersey; Ocean City, Maryland; Rehoboth, Delaware. Proportionately low fares from other Pennsylvania Lines stations.

The pleasure of the midsummer outing to these famous seaside resorts is enhanced by the opportunity to visit Philadelphia, where stop-over will be allowed on return coupon of Seashore excursion tickets. J. L. Worth, Ticket Agent, Pennsylvania Lines, Newark, O., will furnish further information.

Low fares to California—August 15 to 27, inclusive, excursion tickets to San Francisco and Los Angeles, account Triennial Conclave Knights Templar, and Aug. 25 to Sept. 9 inclusive, account Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines. For full information regarding fares, routes, etc., apply to Local Ticket Agent of those lines, or to L. B. Freeman, District Passenger Agent at Columbus, O.

EXCURSION NOTICES.

BALTIMORE & OHIO.

Very low excursion rates to West Baden and French Lick Springs, Ind.—July 22 to 25 inclusive, the Baltimore and Ohio railroad will sell excursion tickets from all stations west of the Ohio River to West Baden and French Lick Springs, Ind., at the rate of one fare plus 25 cents for the round trip, account Commercial Law League of America, Tenth Annual Convention. Tickets will be good for return until August 11, 1904.

Very Low Excursion Rates to Mt. Vernon, Ohio—July 25, 26, 28, 29, August 1 and 3 the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets at very low rates from all points in Ohio to Mt. Vernon, Ohio, account Ohio Baptist Assembly, good for return until August 5, 1904.

Very Low Excursion Rates to Richmond, Va.—July 30, 31 and Aug. 1 the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from all local stations west of Gallery, Pa., Belaire and Marietta, Ohio, to Richmond, Va., at very low rates for the round trip, account National Association of Stationary Engineers. Tickets will be good for return to reach original starting point not later than August 8.

Very Low Rates to Mountain Lake Park, Md.—August 1 to 29, inclusive, the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from all local stations west of the Ohio River to Mountain Lake Park, Md., at very low rates for the round trip, account Mountain Chautauqua Meeting. Tickets will be good for return until August 31, 1904.

Low Rates to Points in the South and Southeast, West and Northwest.—On first and third Tuesdays of May,

R. R. Time Cards

PENNSYLVANIA LINES.

(In Effect Sunday, May 15, 1904.)

EASTWARD.		
8-Daily	.....	1:35 a.m.
10-Daily	.....	2:45 a.m.
28-Daily	.....	9:45 a.m.
6-Daily	.....	1:45 p.m.
28-Daily	.....	12:25 p.m.
6-Daily except Sunday	.....	2:30 p.m.
28-Daily	.....	8:20 p.m.
20-Daily	.....	8:20 p.m.

WESTWARD.		
25-Daily	.....	11:20 a.m.
21-Daily	.....	7:40 a.m.
23-Daily except Sunday	.....	7:40 a.m.
27-Sunday only	.....	7:40 a.m.
7-Daily	.....	3:05 a.m.
19-Daily	.....	12:35 p.m.
23-Daily	.....	12:35 p.m.
2-Daily	.....	7:45 p.m.
3-Daily	.....	7:45 p.m.

J. L. WORTH, Ticket Agent.

BALTIMORE & OHIO.

EAST BOUND.		
Trains	Wheeling & Pits. Ex.	12:50 am
14 Wheeling & Pits. Ex.	5:55 am	6:05 am
102 Zanesville Accom.	8:00 am	8:10 am
104 Balto. & Wash. Ex.	12:25 pm	1:40 pm
112 Pittsburg Flyer	7:40 pm	7:50 pm
114 Col. & Zanes. Accom.	7:15 pm	7:20 pm
108 From Columbus	8:00 pm	8:10 pm
8 New York Fast Ex.	8:20 pm	8:30 pm
50 Zanes. Ac. (Sunday)	7:00 pm	7:07 pm

WEST BOUND.

(Columbus and Newark Division)		
105 Cin. & St. Louis Ex.	12:50 am	2:50 am
111 Zanes. & Col. Accom.	7:07 am	7:20 am
107 Columbus Express	9:40 am	9:50 am
103 Cin. & St. Louis Ex.	1:35 pm	1:40 pm
111 Express Flyer	6:20 pm	6:30 pm
115 Columbus Accom.	7:45 pm	8:20 pm
49 Col. Ex. (Sunday)	9:10 am	9:15 am

NORTH BOUND.

17 Sandusky Accom.	8:00 am	8:10 am
7 Chicago Fast Line	9:00 am	9:50 am
3 Chicago Mail & Ex.	1:35 pm	1:40 pm
15 Chicago Express	8:00 pm	8:10 pm

ARRIVING FROM THE NORTH.

14 Chicago Fast Line	5:55 am	5:55 am
4 Chicago Mail	12:25 pm	12:25 pm
15 Sandusky Accom.	7:40 pm	7:40 pm
8 Chicago Express	8:11 pm	8:11 pm

DEPART.

208 South	.....	7:10 am
210 South	.....	7:10 am
ARRIVE.		
207 From South	.....	11:40 am
208 From South	.....	11:40 am
Denotes daily.		

HIS LORDSHIP AND "MY LADY"

By Epes Winthrop Sargent

His lordship was a good sort in his way. He was great at golf, could ride and knew how to handle a yacht, and he was not one of the sort that comes over here merely to marry the richest girl who is willing to have him.

"My Lady" is Grace Ormonde. I don't know who first called her that, but she had all the airs and graces of the lady of the manor. All of us called her "My Lady," but the possessive case appealed particularly to me. I wanted to make her "My Lady" in fact, as in truth she had been ever since the day when as a boy in my first long trousers I awoke to a realization that Grace was the nicest girl I knew.

Every one used to laugh at us when we both were children because old Mrs. Ormonde, Grace's grandmother, approved the match. As the old lady had the money, the rest all approved of what she approved. Then she went away. Just about that time the poor old pater lost his money in the Nineteenth National crash, and Mr. Ormonde had a little chat with me about what he called our "childish infatuation."

He was proud, he said, to know that his old friend (that was poor dad) was willing to sacrifice his private fortune because the bank had been wrecked while he was its president. But I must see that it was impossible that—

I assured him that I did see before he had had a chance to find a nice sounding word to replace the "er," and I went down to the bank and rode home with dad, prouder than ever that he hadn't made money his fetish.

After that it was hard sledding for Grace and me for awhile. Of course



ALL OF A SUDDEN I REALIZED WHAT I HAD DONE.

we saw a lot of each other, but only at balls and things like that, fussy affairs where we couldn't steal off to the conservatory that Mrs. Ormonde didn't send a chap after us to tell "My Lady" that it was too damp and that she was to come right into the drawing room.

"Then I had a chance to make some money. Poor father did not long survive the bank crash. He wasn't responsible, but somehow he seemed to feel that it was a disgrace. Mother had some money, and I got a chance, with Bert Taylor, on a patent that in a few years will make us more than merely rich. It was hard work at first, but we hustled like ten dollar a week men, and now we are pretty well along."

As soon as I could see things clear I put my pride in my pocket and went to old man Ormonde. I told him that I was going to make a pile for myself and asked him if he would hold the other fellows off for a couple of years.

He was awfully nice about it, with that greasy kind of niceness that keeps you from kicking a man when you want to most. He reeled out a lot of talk about his duty toward his daughter (as though her happiness should not be the first consideration) and explained that a gentleman he had met in England was just then on his way to press his suit. From the way he rolled the name, Lord Lancaster, under his tongue I could see it was the title he was after. I went out of the room with black rage in my heart and the bitter memory of things I had said to a man old enough to be my father.

If there ever was a man I wanted to hate—after Ormonde, of course—it was Lancaster. But after I had met him I simply couldn't. He was one of those clean built, hearty English chaps in whom good breeding is a habit and cordiality a second nature.

Even "My Lady" liked him, though she knew why he had come. Lancaster had been attracted by her picture when he had seen it on the old man's dressing table at some house party in England. When he saw her in all her girlish charm, he was determined to marry her.

The formal announcement was to be made at the end of the Newport season. Then the Ormondes issued cards for a dinner to celebrate their victory over a woman's heart. It was to be a big event, and I was among the very few not invited either to the dinner or to the ball to follow.

I met "My Lady" down on the rocks the afternoon of the dinner. There was a little nook far up the beach

where we were free from interruption. It was a nasty afternoon, one of those late September days when the mist and sky and sea blend into one mass of gray as though the whole world were wrapped in melancholy.

We sat silent for a long time, "My Lady" and I, when who should come along the beach but his lordship. "My Lady" had been crying and Lancaster was up in arms on the instant. He was not a very quick thinker in some ways, and he got an idea that I was responsible for the tears. That made me lose my head, and before I knew what I was doing I had let the whole truth out.

I didn't mince my words. They just came out in a torrent, and I am afraid that I was pretty plain spoken. I shouldn't have blamed him if he had knocked me down. Instead, he simply stood there, his fine face growing as gray as the mist that veiled the sea. All of a sudden I realized what I had done and turned silent as suddenly as I had commenced.

His lordship made no answer to me, but turned to "My Lady."

"Is this true, Miss Ormonde?" he asked gently. "My Lady" was crying harder than ever now, but she bowed her head. He took her hand. "Believe me," he said, "I had no idea. Your father assured me that there were no entanglements and that you really loved me. It is unfortunate that I should have fallen so deeply in love with you before I discovered the truth; still, I do not know that I am altogether sorry. It has been a fool's paradise, perhaps, but it is well to have loved one so well worthy of being loved."

"As for you," he turned to me, "I can only say that I like a game man—and you were game. For the rest"—he shrugged his shoulders—"if you anticipate trouble with Mr. Ormonde, there is my yacht. If there are any complications about license in this state the sailing master will take you out beyond the three mile limit, and Bronson, whom you'll probably find in my den, is a regularly ordained Church of England minister."

He walked down to the landing place to see us off and give his orders to the sailing master. He shook hands with me, then turned and kissed "My Lady" full on the lips.

"God bless you," he said, "and make you happy." Then he turned on his heel and strode off toward the house. It was he who made the announcement of our marriage to the dinner guests. It was the bravest thing I ever heard of, but blood will tell, and his ancestors fought for the Stuarts.

The Fan in Egypt.

In Egypt the fan was not only an emblem of royalty, but also of happiness and heavenly rest. The oldest Egyptian fan now extant is preserved in the museum of Bulak and is said to have belonged to the Queen Aah-Hotep and is consequently nearly thirty-five centuries old. The crown and wooden handle of this curiosity are covered with thin plates of gold, and all around the former at equal intervals are small holes, in which the nodding ostrich plumes were once inserted.

A long handled screen fan is represented in the triumph of King Horus (1400 B. C.), and the wall paintings at Medinah Habon show that Rameses was attended by twenty-three princesses, each bearing an elegant screen fan and rejoicing in the sounding title of "fan bearer on the left hand of the king." Fans were also used in Egypt for religious ceremonies, for Isis priests held long handled fans made of the wings of a bird and somewhat resembling the Greek caduceus. From Egypt and the far east fans soon found their way into Greece, where the first specimens assumed the shape of acacia, plantain or lotus leaves, but in later years the ladies showed a marked preference for gorgeous peacock feather fans.

Enlightened.

Lord Mansfield was presiding at a trial consequent upon a collision of two ships at sea when a sailor, while giving testimony, said, "At the time I was standing abaft the binnacle," where upon his lordship, with a proper desire to master the facts of the case, observed: "Stay, stay a minute, witness. You say that at the time in question you were standing 'abaft the binnacle.'" Now tell me what is 'abaft the binnacle.'" This was too much for the gravity of "the salt," who immediately before climbing into the witness box had taken a copious draft of neat rum.

Removing his eyes from the bench and turning around upon the crowded court with an expression of intense amusement, he exclaimed at the top of his voice: "He's a pretty fellow for a judge! Bless my jolly old eyes! You have got a pretty sort of a landlubber for a judge! He wants me to tell him where 'abaft the binnacle' is!" Not less amused than the witness, Lord Mansfield rejoined: "Well, my friend, you must fit me for my office by telling me where 'abaft the binnacle' is. You've already shown me the meaning of 'half seas over.'"

Builds up the system; puts pure, rich blood in the veins; makes men and women strong and healthy. Burdock Blood Bitters. At any drug store.

Natives of Uganda, Africa, use American oil for anointing their shiny black bodies.

CATHEDRAL ON WHEELS.

Device Used in a Minister's Religious Campaign.

The "people's cathedral" will become a familiar sight on the streets of Duluth, Minn., the present summer, says the Duluth Herald. It is being used by Rev. William Asher, president of the Duluth Bethel society, and his assistants as a sort of church on wheels and assists materially in prosecuting the vigorous and novel religious campaign which Mr. Asher has started in what appears to be a successful attempt to reach the masses.

The church on wheels will have different routes during the summer. A regular stand, weather permitting, will be made every Sunday evening at the corner of Superior street and Second avenue west, where Mr. Asher will address the outdoor congregation.

The covered wagon will probably also be used to carry Mr. Asher and his assistants to the ball and circus grounds or wherever an outdoor crowd is assembled. It is not the minister's aim to intrude where he is not wanted, however, and he will at no time appear at such a gathering without the permission of those having the affair in charge. And when there it will not be his purpose to tire his hearers with a long and tiresome harangue. On such occasions he speaks rationally and in such a manner that his hearers become interested at once.

The minister is ably assisted in the work by Mrs. Asher, who accompanies him on most of his expeditions. She has a pleasing voice and never fails to delight the rough men with her songs. She carries with her to the street and saloon meetings a small organ, the music of which makes the services more attractive and churchlike.

Mr. Asher does not confine his efforts to Duluth alone, but occasionally pays a visit to a nearby town for the purpose of holding services.

HOUSE FOR FIFTY CENTS.

Philadelphia Woman Draws Lucky Number at Church Raffle.

Several of Mrs. John P. Brown's neighbors aroused her before breakfast with the pleasing intelligence that she had become the owner of a \$3,000 house in Philadelphia on an investment of 50 cents.

Mrs. Brown, who lives in Philadelphia, didn't believe it at first. After demanding proof and getting it she invited all hands to breakfast and rejoiced greatly, says a Philadelphia dispatch.

Mrs. Brown purchased two tickets awhile ago in a raffle for a new brick house of eight rooms at 1217 Porter street, which was being disposed of by the congregation of the Church of the Epiphany, at Eleventh and Jackson streets.

"My niece was on the committee," said Mrs. Brown, "and she gave me no rest until I had bought the tickets. I put them aside and thought no more about it. I had to hunt a long time this morning before I found the ticket after they told me I had won the house. 'I shall rent it. The rent will come in handy.'"

A THOUSAND MILE WALK.

Better to Carry Message From Belleville, N. J., to Albany, Ga.

With a pet cat and a dog as companions, Peter Deighan, a well known character of Belleville, N. J., left at noon the other day to walk to Albany, Ga., on a wager of \$100 with the members of the North End club, from whose headquarters he started, says the New York Tribune. He will have to walk about 1,000 miles. Deighan is to deliver a message to Cornelius McGunagle, a former resident of Belleville, who runs a hotel in the southern city. He will have his expenses paid back to Jersey. Deighan should leave the town without a cent in his pockets, and is not to beg food or clothes, but may accept unsolicited gifts.

Deighan's companions were gayly trimmed with ribbons. The dog, like Snyder, is of the poodle variety, while the kitten, which is called Mollie Durkin, is only a few weeks old, and is expected to bring in considerable wealth for its owner, as it has seven toes on each of its feet.

Two years ago Deighan walked through every county in New Jersey and part of New York on a wager under similar conditions. He won the bet, but he did not get the money, as the man with whom he made the agreement died before Deighan reached Belleville.

Orchid's Great Freshness.

An Englishman visiting the St. Louis world's fair recently wore in his buttonhole an orchid that had been plucked nearly two months and was still fresh and green. He called his floral ornament an "everlasting buttonhole" and stated that it was the latest fad in London. The flower is a new variety of the orchid, which has the useful merit of remaining fresh for sixty days after being plucked.

Side Crease to the Trousers.

A feature of style said to have been introduced by King Edward is to have the creases in the trousers at the side and leg seam instead of back and front, says the London Tailor and Cutter. In London already a few west end dandies have adopted this plan, but as the effect of this innovation is to produce a thicker appearance to the leg we do not anticipate any general adoption of this fashion.

Jap Officers and Men Fare Alike.

The Japanese officers in campaign have exactly the same fare as the private soldiers, says London Truth. Marshal Yamagata himself, when commanding nine years ago in China, had no better.



A BELATED EXPLANATION.

He Wanted Bees' Stings For Rheumatism, but Not For Himself.

An innocent looking German boy walked into a drug store the other day and faced the proprietor.

"Haf you got some bees' stings for rheumatism?" he shyly inquired.

"Bees' stings for rheumatism?" the proprietor repeated. "Where did you hear of that?"

"Why, muther was reating it by de newspapers," replied the lad.

The proprietor laughed. "I've seen something of that kind in the papers," he said, "but I won't attempt to offer you anything just as good. Where is the rheumatism?"

"In de handt und in de arm," the boy replied.

"Well, see here," said the proprietor. With a sudden smile, "I haven't got the cure on my shelves, but I keep it in my back yard. You go out through this door and walk around my flower beds. When you see four or five bees resting on a flower, just try to pick them up."

The boy nodded and went out. He was gone at least ten minutes.

When he came back his face was red, and his nose, where an angry bee had alighted, was beginning to swell. He held out his hand.

"I picked me some of dose bees oop," he placidly remarked.

"Did you?" said the amused proprietor. "And does your hand feel any better?"

The boy looked up. "It and't for me," he placidly replied; "it's for my bruder."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Irregularity in the Punishment.

There are two boys who manage to be rather unruly in school, and their teacher was so exasperated one day that she ordered them to remain after hours and write their names a thousand times. She watched them plunge into the task. Some fifteen minutes later one of them grew uneasy and began to watch his companion in disgrace. Suddenly the first one burst out with a roar of despair and between his sobs said to the teacher:

"Tain't fair, mum! His name's Bush and mine's Schluttermeyer!"—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Sport.

(Little boy in a hammock and another standing some distance off crying. Father talking to the boy in the hammock.)

Father—What is Willie crying about? Johnnie—He says he don't like this game.

"Well, what are you playing?" "We are playing with this hammock as a steamboat."

"Well, why is not Willie in it too?" "We are playing that he missed the boat."—Life.

The Reading of Character.

"This is the life line," says the amateur palmist who is reading the hand of the young woman. "It shows that you will live to a ripe old age. This is the head line. You have wonderful talent for writing. This is the heart line. Lots of romance and a happy marriage, with just trifles of fine dresses and things."

"How do you know about the dresses?"

"Why, here's the clothes line. It runs clear around your hand."—Judge.

A Fable.

Once there were two little grapes. One was a good little grape and minded his mother. The other was a bad little grape. One day the bad little grape disobeyed his mother and rolled off the fruit stand. A ragged little negro boy came along and ate it, but all the little grape could do was to give the little boy a stomach ache. The good little grape was eaten by a rich man, and it gave him a nice case of appendicitis. Moral—Mind your mothers, little folks.—Kansas City Times.

Are You One?



"There goes Mr. Thikkeredde," said the lady golfer. "He is a conversational fool."

"How's that?" asked Mr. Cleeke. "He makes love when he ought to play golf, and he talks golf when he ought to make love."—Chicago Tribune.

Herolism.

"Juggins has written a novel, I'm told. They also say that he himself is the hero."

"Of course. He has read the thing through, I suppose, and goodness knows, that's heroic enough."

IN TUNE WITH THE WAR.

Shops of St. Petersburg Display Patriotic Emblems.

The windows of the St. Petersburg shops are almost the only outward indication that Russia is engaged in a life and death struggle in the far east, writes a correspondent of the London Chronicle. Picture post cards are as popular there as in Germany, but with this difference, that all depict either well known generals, soldier types or views of Vladivostok and Port Arthur. One post card shows a Russian and a Japanese fighting with short swords, while a Frenchman behind a tree calls out: "Let him have it, golubehik (my little pigeon). My men and money are yours for the asking."

A mechanical toy sold in the shops represents a Russian soldier whirling a diminutive Japanese around in the air by his pistol. Another toy, of German origin, is an india rubber frog, painted in Japanese colors, which, when blown out, takes the form of an ox and bursts. Soldiers' buttons are being extensively shown on models of ladies' dresses in shop windows. Lockets, adorned with regimental colors in enamel, are beginning to appear in the jewelers' shops, and lucky charms and "mascots," shaped like guns, shells and torpedoes, are finding ready purchasers.

CAMPAGNING IN AN AUTO.

Wisconsin Governor's Plan to Reach the Country Voters.

It has become known at Lacrosse, Wis., through friends of Governor La Follette, and close in his councils, that he is to make a campaign this summer and next fall, taking in every county town and cross roads, speaking to as many voters as possible. He will make the trip in an automobile of heavy road type, and fast enough to skip over the country roads at a good speed, says a Lacrosse dispatch.

His reason for taking an automobile, the informant states, is that there are thousands of voters who cannot be reached by railroads, and he could not afford a special train, even if the railroads would allow him one. The machine is to be given to him by friends who have money and who reside both in and out of the state. The tour is to begin as soon as the governor is through giving his regular summer lectures at the watering places.

School in Forest For Sickly Children

A new kind of school is about to be started by the authorities of Charlottentunburg, in Germany, for the benefit of children who, though not exactly ill, are so weakly that they are very liable to be attacked by disease, more especially tuberculosis, says the London Standard. The school, which is to accommodate from 120 to 125 children, is to be built in the depths of the Junferheide woods, near Berlin, and the children will remain there the whole day, special arrangements being made to supply them with their meals. They are only to receive from two to three hours' instruction daily and are to spend the rest of the day in taking healthy exercise in the forest. The experiment, if found successful, will result in a permanent school being established.

Strange Provision of a Will.

If Samuel Gardner of Wilkesbarre, Pa., will sleep in one room the rest of his natural life he will inherit the fortune of Sarah Gardner, whose will was filed at Wilkesbarre. Should he refuse he will lose. The rear room on the south side of the Gardner home in Wilkesbarre is the one picked out for him by the testator. None of the family can explain the peculiar clause in the will, except it be to discipline the young man for not wanting to use what is considered the worst room in the house. He will accept the bequest.

Silver Card Cases In Vogue.

The summer card case will not so much as suggest leather. It comes in silk, plain, striped and moire and in silk covered with lace. Bits of point or duchesse lace may be taken to the leather shop, and they will be made up to order over silk to match the calling costume.

Minute Life.

The microscope teaches us that there are animals so wonderfully minute that if a thousand of them were ranked abreast they could easily swim, without being thrown out of order, through the eye of the finest cambric needle ever made. Yet each of the minute creatures is a highly organized number of particles, capable of moving about, of finding and devouring food and of behaving in all respects as becomes an animal as distinguished from a fragment of unorganized matter. The human mind is utterly incapable of realizing the structure of these little creatures and of fully appreciating their marvelous adaptation to the life they are destined to lead.—Sir Robert S. Ball.

RAILWAY RUMBLES.

Wages paid street car men in the United States annually amount to more than \$88,000,000.

The maximum load on the Transiberian railroad is only 500 tons. In America 2,500 tons comprise the average load.

Japan has only half as many miles of railroad as New York state, although it is three times as large and has six times its population.

The Wilmington and Weldon railroad, now a part of the Atlantic Coast line system, boasts of an unusual history. It is seventy-one years old and has never killed a passenger. It is 162 miles long and at the time of its construction was the longest railroad in the world.

A COOL HAND

[Copyright, 1904, by C. B. Lewis.]

I was employed in a wholesale house in a city that shall be nameless, and rooming at a hotel, and one evening I had purchased the current magazines and sat down for a long read. I had read for two hours or more without rising from my chair when the door of the clothes closet suddenly opened and a man who had been in hiding there walked out. He was not a tough looking man, though he had a pistol in his hand, and his appearance was so sudden that I was simply surprised.

"Well, who are you?" I asked as he advanced and took a seat.

"Perhaps you read in the evening papers of a bank being swindled?" he queried in reply.

"Yes, but what has that got to do with you?"

"Well, to tell you the truth, I am the man who got the money."

"But how did you come to be hiding here in my room? The papers said that the man got away."

"I had other plans, but they miscarried—in fact, a pal of mine lost his nerve at a critical moment and left me in the lurch. I dodged into this hotel in search of a temporary asylum and was lucky enough to find your door unlocked—carelessness of the chambermaid probably. Did you ever see \$8,000 in one pile? Good for some eyes! See here."

He fumbled in his breast pocket for a moment and then brought out the money. There were three separate packages—\$5,000, \$2,000 and \$1,000—but he had tied them all together and made one large package. Most of the bills were new, and the bundle was worth a second look.

"This means clothes, quail on toast, a trip to London, Paris and Berlin," he said as he fondly patted the money.

"Look here, old chap," he continued as he coolly stretched at full length on the bed. "I'm willing to divvy with you. Hand in your resignation and take a European tour with me. It'll help your health and broaden your mind. This bundle will enable us to travel first class for a year."

His impudence aggravated me. I had not recovered from my surprise, and as he looked at me for an answer I said:

"I'll see you hanged first. I'm not making European tours with bank sneaks and forgers. Your trip will end at the front door of the state prison!"

"Too peppery—altogether too peppery," he quietly observed. "And do you think I'll be arrested?"

"Certainly. I'm going to take you downstairs and turn you over to the police."

"That's all wool and a yard wide, but it will shrink when you come to try it on," he said as he flung his feet off the bed and stood up. "I don't know that I blame you for refusing the trip to Europe, but please don't be an idiot in other directions. You shaver your hair, don't you?" he finally asked as he turned to me.

"Yes; my razor is in the right hand top drawer."

"Ah, thanks! Good razor, good brush, good soap. That makes shaving a luxury."

He handed the razor with the deftness of a barber, and in seven or eight minutes he was clean shaved. He had sandy hair, while his eyebrows were almost red. There was a bottle of black ink on the dresser. He used his handkerchief for a sponge and colored his eyebrows. With the same fluid he made up as neat a black eye as one rowdy ever gave another, and he was chuckling as he turned to me to say:

"Just one thing more, old man—a suit of clothes—your oldest suit. I'll pay cash for it."

I had a much worn suit in the wardrobe, which I handed out.

"Rather a tight fit, but I'll make it do," he said as he began to peel off. "My object is not to pass myself off for you, but to get rid of the Scotch tweed. You can sell that suit for at least \$10, and here's \$25 for yours."

"I don't want your money."

"Don't be finicky. That's no part of this bundle, but was honestly earned. I'll leave it on the dresser. Now, then, to wrap the money in this newspaper and take my departure. Look here, my boy; take this thousand and put it where it will give you a start."

"I'd starve first!"

"Too good to go to bed without the kicking act. You are the most sensible young man I've met in a year. If I'm arrested, I shall say nothing about what's happened here; if I get away, I shall always feel hurt that you wouldn't take some of the money. Tra-la, old man!"

When he had closed the door I locked it and sat down. After a quarter of an hour had slipped away I tumbled into bed. I fell asleep after a bit, and it was 7 o'clock before I opened my eyes. While I was dressing I had to go to the dresser for a hand coral button, and the ink stained handkerchief caught my eye. As I picked it up—lo, there was the \$1,000 package of greenbacks in plain view! Did the man get away? Yes, he walked downstairs and out of doors unquestioned, and the detectives never got a clew on him after that night. He probably went to one of the depots and took a train. About the money, I returned it to the bank by mail, and my action is still a puzzle to the bank officials and detectives. I could enlighten them, but I shall not.

M. QUAD.

A FREE TRIP

—TO THE—

Great St. Louis Exposition.

To one boy and one girl below the age of 19 years—receiving the greatest number of votes, will be given a

Free Round-Trip Ticket

To the Great St. Louis Exposition.

A vote is given with the purchase of each glass of soda 5 cents, and the contest begins Monday morning, May 9. The victor can elect to take the money if he cares to do so.

E. T. JOHNSON

Druggist.

No. 10 Warden Hotel Block.

DR. F. PRIEST,

Veterinary Surgeon,

**Summer Silks 25c a yard
On Tuesday Morning.**

We will close out all our Summer Wash Silks at 25c a yard. There are 50c values.

THE A. A. Griggs COMPANY

STATE RIFLE SHOOT

Three Hundred Ohio National Guardsmen at the Newark Ground and Will Remain All Week-- State Team to be Selected from Best Marksmen.

Since Saturday Newark has been the mecca for members of the National Guard from all parts of Ohio. The state rifle competition which began at 7 o'clock Monday morning and continues the entire week is the reason of their coming and among them are the crack shots of the Ohio National Guard.

There were about 160 officers and men on the ground when an Advocate representative visited the camp yesterday evening. Their numbers are being reinforced constantly by new arrivals, and by night 300 men will be in camp.

The commanding officer is Brigadier-General John C. Sparks, and detailed to assist him conduct the competition are Colonel Edward S. Bryant, chief range officer; Colonel Edward T. Miller, statistical officer and quartermaster; Major Fred S. Marquis, financial officer; Major Mac Lee Wilson, adjutant; Major Edward W. Rydman, commissary.

The men who will participate in the target practice, represent every company in the State and have been selected for superior marksmanship in their home company target practice. Each company is entitled to one representative and has the privilege of sending three if it desires to do so. The ranges to be shot over are respectively 200, 300 500, 600, 800 and 1,000 yards, slow fire; 200 yards, timed fire, and one skirmish run.

Twenty-seven matches constitute the program for the week and liberal prizes, consisting of medals, loving-cups, rifle cases, Khaki uniforms, etc., are offered to the winners.

The following special rules will govern the competition:

Competitors and all others connected with the meeting must make themselves acquainted with the regulations, as well as with the conditions of the matches, as the plea of ignorance of either will not be entertained.

Two sighting shots will be allowed, and must be taken in all slow fire competitions.

Sights must not be filed or altered, except that the aiming notch of the aperture of the slide may be slightly widened or opened.

The front and rear sights may be colored black only.

Service ammunition must be used as manufactured and issued by the Ordnance Department; for all firing except Matches Nos. 5, 6 and 7, "Egg Pool" and "Sweepstakes."

Trigger Pull must be at least three pounds, and will be tested (holding the barrel vertically) by each competitor, under the supervision of a range officer, before firing, each day and at each range.

The use of the strap as a sling is permitted at all ranges, provided it is

attached to its proper swivels and is used only in connection with the arm of the competitor as a brace.

The rules laid down by the Small Arms Firing Regulations will govern this meeting.

Provisional companies are being formed as fast as the men arrive in sufficient numbers. Three of these companies have already been formed with the following officers:

First Company--Capt. Frank Cyler of Columbus; first lieutenant, Roy H. Brown of Columbus.

Second Company--First lieutenant, Hubert J. Turner of Cleveland; second lieutenant, James W. Smith, Company H.

Third Company--Capt. George W. Platto; first lieutenant, Hale; second lieutenant, Ben Smith.

The eighteen officers or men, completing scores required over the above ranges and in the above matches, having the highest aggregates, will constitute the "Ohio National Guard Team," to the members of which the following medals will be awarded by the State of Ohio:

To the member of the team having the highest aggregate score -- Gold medal.

To the member of the team having the second highest aggregate score -- Silver medal.

To each of the sixteen other members of the team--Bronze medals.

For years the Bloomdale team have been the champions of the Ohio National Guard. They are expected in during the day.

This is the first target practice to take place under the auspices of the Ohio State Rifle Association, formed a year ago at division camp here. The officers are: Brigadier-General Speaks, president; Major Thomas J. Kirkpatrick, first vice president; Captain Charles Winder, second vice president; Major Fred Marquis, secretary and treasurer. The executive committee includes a representative from each regiment in the state, among them being General Dick.

Adjutant General Critchfield is on the ground and will be an interested spectator of the week's work. Governor Herrick may decide to visit the camp later in the week.

One of nature's remedies; cannot harm the weakest constitution; never fails to cure summer complaints of young or old. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

You should try!

Mabl-Flake

The "Inner Paraffine Bag"

fully protects its purity and crispness.

METHODISTS

Sunday School Picnic Will Be Held at Buckeye Lake Park, Tuesday, July 19.

The Sunday school of the First M. E. church will hold a basket picnic at Buckeye Lake Park Tuesday, July 19. Special cars will leave the interurban station at 9 a. m. and 2 p. m. and returning will leave Buckeye Lake at 6 and 9 p. m. Tickets at 25 cents on sale at Gilbert's Music Store, West Main street, at Larkin's grocery, Union street and on special cars.

It is a chance, but why not take it? It will cost you nothing, any you may get the wheel free--it is worth riding from the square to the park. 18-34

STERRETT

WAIVED EXAMINATION AND WAS RELEASED FROM JAIL.

Bond For \$1000 Signed By a Number of People--No Evidence Introduced Monday Morning.

The preliminary hearing in the case of the State of Ohio vs. Clarence W. Sterrett, the Newton township plasterer, who was charged with murder in the first degree, was set for Monday morning before Mayor Crilly.

The court room was filled to overflowing with the inhabitants of Newton township. Thirty witnesses had been subpoenaed but nobody was called upon to testify at the hearing.

Sterrett waived examination and was bound over to the grand jury in the sum of \$1,000.

The bond was signed by C. W. Sterrett, J. F. Sterrett, W. H. VanAtta, I. V. Behout, J. H. Sterrett, G. S. Stickle, Al Evans and others.

The case of Ohio vs. Charleston, charged with stealing a boat from the Buckeye Lake company, was continued until August 8.

GRANVILLE

Mrs. W. B. Davis Frightened By a Snake--E. W. Williams Hurt While Leading a Colt--Items.

Granville, O., July 18.--Mrs. W. B. Davis had an experience with a large blacksnake near her home in the Welsh Hills on Friday. She had gone out into the field near the home to pick berries. The bushes were very thick, and being busily engaged gathering the berries she failed to notice a large blacksnake dangling from the limb of a small tree directly over her head. Hearing a noise she raised her head and was horrified to see the snake and ran from the field to the house, where she told her experience. A search was made for the reptile, but it had slipped away and escaped being killed.

The song recital given on last Friday evening by Messrs Walter Bentley Ball, Ernest Wall and the Misses Elsie Hirschberg and Mabel Phillips in the Baptist church, proved one of the best musical events of the season. The audience was of generous proportions, and everyone was delighted with the masterly style in which the program was performed. Every number rendered was of extra excellence, and received appreciative applause.

Rev. Dwight W. Wylie, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Iowa City, Iowa, occupied the pulpit of the Granville Presbyterian church on Sunday morning and preached an eloquent and instructive sermon to a large congregation.

A favorite resort for Granville people these warm evenings is "Sugar Loaf" hill. Every evening, after sunset, large numbers of our people wend their way to the shady hill where they receive the full benefit of the western breeze.

E. W. Williams, a well known young farmer residing east of town, was the victim of a painful accident on Saturday. While exercising a spirited young horse he was thrown and fell to the ground, bruising his body and badly spraining his left arm, which he now carries in a sling. He says he was fortunate in escaping with as few injuries as he did.

Prof. and Mrs. C. W. Chamberlain are rejoicing over the arrival at their home on last Friday of a little baby daughter.

Admission only 5c to see the greatest bicycle races ever held in Newark. 18-3

SILKS

Foulard Silks, absolutely all silk, 27 inches wide in black and blue ground, white figures and dots.

29c a yard

Cheney Bros.' Standard Foulard Silks, in all the new designs, beautiful colors. Former price 75c a yard.

49c a yard

25 pieces of Wash Silks, best grade, all pure silk, absolutely fast colors, regular 50c value.

29c a yard

Black Taffetta Silk, wear guaranteed same quality as that which created such a sensation at our opening sale. Regular price 75c.

59c a yard

Shantung Pongee Silk, natural colors, full yard wide.

50c a yard

Wash Goods

All our 15, 19 and 25c Wash Goods in all the new novelties and sheer materials during this sale.

10c a yard

All White Goods at greatly reduced prices in many instances less than 1-2 price.

LABOR DAY

COMMITTEES ARE PREPARING FOR THE BIG EVENT.

Secretary Will Visit Shawnee Wednesday to Invite Organizations to Come to Newark Sept. 5.

Sunday morning the various committees having in charge the celebration of Labor Day in this city, met with Mayor Crilly at Labor Hall, and discussed the features of the celebration. The Mayor granted the Trades Council the control of the streets around the square and adjacent thereto, and anyone desiring to conduct a stand of any character on that day must first obtain a permit from the Trades Council, after which Mayor Crilly will O. K. it. Applications may be made to the privileges committees.

It is well to state in this connection that no privileges will be granted for stands of an objectionable character, and gambling of any kind will be absolutely prohibited. The amusements committee for the balloon ascension and parachute drop, as well as several other features that are new to Newark, and which will be announced as soon as the contracts are closed.

The secretary was instructed to attend a special meeting of the central labor body at Shawnee Wednesday and explain to that body the features of the celebration here September 5. This meeting has been called especially for this purpose, and shows the interest taken in the matter by the Shawnee people. Two years ago that neighborhood sent 13 carloads of people to Newark, and this year they expect to beat that record.

PIANOS.

Both new and second hand Pianos and Organs at very low prices for cash or small payments. Edison and Victor Talking Machines and Records; also New Home Sewing Machines and Needles. Union Block, Church St. R. I. Francis, Mgr. m-w-ftf

CARD OF THANKS.

We desire to thank our many neighbors and friends, also Rev. B. F. Patt for the great kindness shown us during the recent illness and death of husband and father, and for the beautiful floral offerings from the Wehrle Company and the Royal Neighbors of America. Mrs. Mattie A. Coffman and Family.

MALTA CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

Malta, O., July 18.--The Christian church is to be thoroughly repaired inside, by being painted and papered, and when completed will be a handsome meeting house.

BUILDING OFF THE SQUARE

BUSINESS ON THE SQUARE

White Fair

Our White Fair opens **Tuesday, July 19**, and lasts until all Summer Goods have been sold. All over the store the White Goods Sale holds sway.

This sale is to be an annual feature of our business to prepare for a brisk fall trade by moving out the summer things. You who have looked at our store, know the many beautiful things and reliable staples our summer stock contains. Everything remains the same except the price. The consequence is that the woman who has put off buying all or part of her summer outfit until now will save a large portion of the cost. We shall not attempt to quote all the prices and describe every bargain, as we would rather have you come and see for yourself. The following descriptions and prices are a few of the many

SILKS Foulard Silks, absolutely all silk, 27 inches wide in black and blue ground, white figures and dots. 29c a yard Cheney Bros.' Standard Foulard Silks, in all the new designs, beautiful colors. Former price 75c a yard. 49c a yard 25 pieces of Wash Silks, best grade, all pure silk, absolutely fast colors, regular 50c value. 29c a yard Black Taffetta Silk, wear guaranteed same quality as that which created such a sensation at our opening sale. Regular price 75c. 59c a yard Shantung Pongee Silk, natural colors, full yard wide. 50c a yard Wash Goods All our 15, 19 and 25c Wash Goods in all the new novelties and sheer materials during this sale. 10c a yard All White Goods at greatly reduced prices in many instances less than 1-2 price. 1-2 price	Linens and Domestic Best American and Simpson Calicos, black blue and colors, regular 6 and 7c goods, our regular stock--none reserved. 5c a yard Genuine Lancaster Gingham, apron checks, all size checks. 5c a yard 25 pieces of India Linen, white regular 15c quality. 10c a yard Table Linen, all pure linen table Damask, 64 inches wide, beautiful patterns regular price 75c. 50c a yard Stevens' Crash all pure linen toweling, 18 inches wide, regular 9c quality. 6c a yard Wash Suits and Skirts About 200 Wash Suits, ranging in prices from \$2.00 to \$25.00, will be sold at just 1-2 price. Wash Skirts, in blue and black Nub Ftamines, \$1.50 value. \$1.00 each	Carpets and Drapery 500 Smyrna Rugs 5 foot long, double faced, all new and desirable patterns.. 79c each 25, 39 and 35c Mattings, best Chinese and Japanese Mattings to go at.. 18c a yard About fifty Lace Panels for glass doors at 12 price. 100 pairs of Bead Curtains, in plain and figured beautiful Japanese designs, five colors. This dainty summer curtain for double doors \$5.00 value.. \$2.95 a pair Fancy Goods 1000 yards Lace Galoons, in ecru white and Arabia 15c, 18 and 25c values. The very popular trimmings for wash goods. 5c a yard Ladies' Belts, in white wash materials plain nickel and bright buckles, regular 25c value. 10c a yard About 200 samples of Shirtwaist Sets, mostly 5-piece sets, worth up to 50c set. Your choice. 10c a yard
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The Powers, Miller & Co.

NEWARK'S BIG DEPARTMENT STORE

LABOR DAY

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GOLD FIELD

Will Soon Be Scene of Busy Activity Say the Officers of the New Licking Mining Company.

The full-page advertisement of the Licking Mining Company in Saturday's Advocate created no little interest in Newark and surrounding towns.

The announcement shows that the company means business and intends to develop the gold field south of the Licking County Children's Home.

The company is selling stock for the purpose of buying machinery with which to develop the property.

An Advocate man visited the company's land a day or two ago and himself panned a quantity of gold from the earth. There is absolutely no question that gold is to be found here, the only problem being the cost of mining compared with the volume of gold produced.

Experts who have been on the ground say that it is a valuable mine and that the machinery which will be brought to Newark from California, will shortly prove this to be true.

The West End has promised One Hundred Wheels for the parade. This shows what the West End thinks of the Bicycle. Remember July 22. 18-3

AGED WIDOW'S ACCIDENT.

New Concord, O., July 18.--Mrs. Elizabeth Moore, aged 75, who resides with her son, F. F. Moore, fell and broke her arm and dislocated her wrist. She had been sick for some time and had just gotten able to walk about the yard when she fell. She is the widow of the late Calmit Moore who was a soldier of Co. G, 91st Ohio regiment.

GAS CASE

DECIDED BY JUDGE A. A. FRAZIER, AT ZANESVILLE.

Both Parties Have Filed Notice of Appeal--Licking County Gas and Oil Company Suit.

Zanesville, O., July 18.--In the case of Martin W. Miller vs. S. M. Winn et al., in which the plaintiff brought suit to recover moneys alleged to be due him as stockholder in the Licking County Gas and Oil company, Judge A. A. Frazier has rendered his opinion in the case. He finds that there is due the Licking company, \$2,444 and the Granville Gas company, \$2,547. S. M. Winn is awarded \$1,014.42, and Messrs. Winn, Owens and Evans, collectively, \$1,008.49. The amount of gas consumed up to May 1 1903, was 34,241,200 feet and the gross revenue \$7,532.

Both plaintiff and defendant have given notice of appeal and the appeal bond has been fixed at \$250 in each case. Attorney H. C. Shepherd represented the plaintiff and John J. Adams the defendants.

A HOT DAY

Monday was one of the hottest days of the season. The temperature:

9 a.m.	81
10 a.m.	83
11 a.m.	86
12 m.	89
1 p.m.	91
2 p.m.	92
3 p.m.	95

Chicago will have six movable school houses next fall to take care of the city's shifting population.

DOCTORS FORM A UNION,

Coshocton, O., July 18.--Coshocton doctors have formed a trust. At a meeting of the county medical association, in which membership is every doctor in the county, it was decided to increase fees and to make them uniform all over the county.

Read the Advocate Want Column.

Idlewilde Park Casino.

Week of July 17

Anna Burt
Dancing Wire Equilibrist

Dan Tourjee
Singer of Rare Old Songs

Murphy-Williard
In a Hot Sketch.

Doretha Sisters
Singers-Dancers

Four American Trumpeteers
Musical Comedy.

Matinee, Saturday.

Prices 10 and 15 Cts. Boxes 25c

Seats on sale at the Wiles-Erman Drugstore.

BYCYCLE RACES.

EAGLES' DAY.

\$500.00 IN PRIZES.